



**HEDDLU
GWENT
POLICE**

Gwent Police Organisational Report

Quarter 3 2021/22



Operational Assessment

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Violence against Adults and Children

Domestic Related

	Volume	Crime Density	Total <input type="checkbox"/> Outcomes	<input type="checkbox"/> Outcome rate	Arrests	Arrest Rate	Bail Cond / Uncond
	6387	6.7	786	12.3%	2461	38.5%	108
Females over 16	4419	14.4	646	14.6%	2001	45.3%	99
Females under 16	75	0.2	4	5.3%	19	25.3%	3
Males over 16	1860	6.6	147	7.9%	511	27.5%	14
Males under 16	38	0.1	3	7.9%	12	31.6%	2

Key Points

The table on the left gives details (over the last 12 months) of domestic related violence and sexual offences by volume, crime density (per 1,000 pop), positive or solved outcome rate, arrest rate and number of bails. As can be seen there is disparity in terms of crime rate by gender (females over twice that of males). What is also noticeable is the arrest rates for perpetrators of violence towards females over 16 (45.3%) far outweighs that of the arrest rate for perpetrators of violence towards males over 16 (27.5%) Both data sets contain adequate numbers for this to be statistically significant.

Non-domestic Related

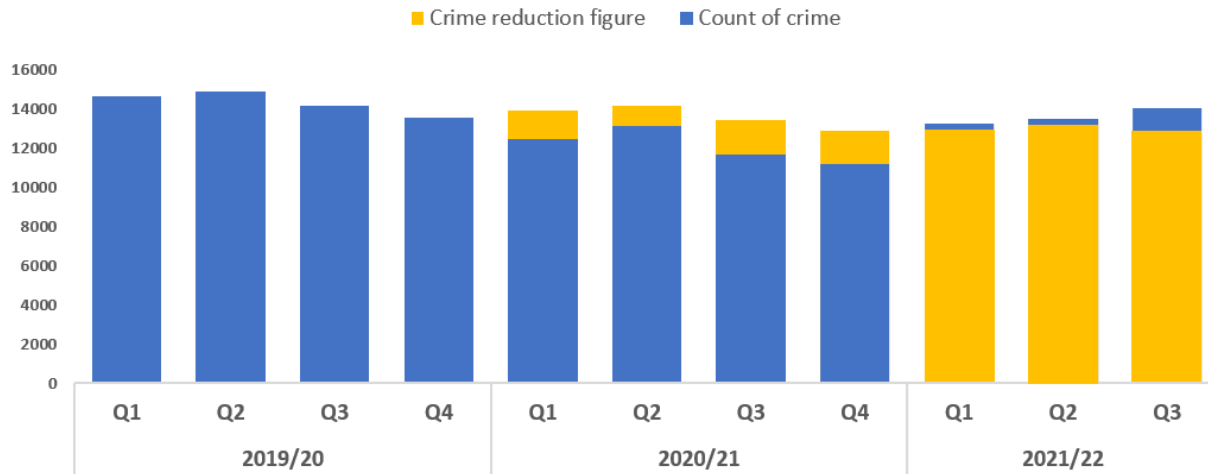
	Volume	Crime Density	Total <input type="checkbox"/> Outcomes	<input type="checkbox"/> Outcome rate	Arrests	Arrest Rate	Bail Cond / Uncond
	24523	43.7	2096	8.5%	2454	10.0%	117
Females over 16	10677	34.7	933	8.7%	1159	10.9%	52
Females under 16	1476	4.8	127	8.6%	145	9.8%	22
Males over 16	11081	39.1	982	8.9%	1333	12.0%	52
Males under 16	1338	4.7	102	7.6%	45	3.4%	6

Key Points

The table on the left gives details (over the last 12 months) of non-domestic related violence and sexual offences by volume, crime density (per 1,000 pop), positive or solved outcome rate, arrest rate and number of bails. As can be seen disparity in terms of crime rate by gender is now more prevalent in males. Arrests made for perpetrator's of violence towards males under 16 is considerable lower than female victims under 16.

All Crime Trend

All crime trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
14599	14878	14118	13514	12433	13084	11619	11175	13191	13445	14002

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
14118	11619	14002	-0.8% ↓	20.5% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
43595	37136	40638	-6.8% ↓	9.4% ↑

Key Points

Quarter 3 2021/22 has recorded a 0.8% decrease in all crime (116 fewer offences to 14,002) when compared to quarter 3 2019/20 (Pre-Covid year). Compared to last year, quarter 3 recorded a 20.5% increase. Although included throughout this presentation, direct comparisons with 2020/21 is not practical due to the exceptional circumstances of the Covid lockdown across the country.

The crime reduction figure of 5% last year has been increased to 10% for this year (in line with 20% over the course of the Parliament as in the Chief Constables delivery plan).

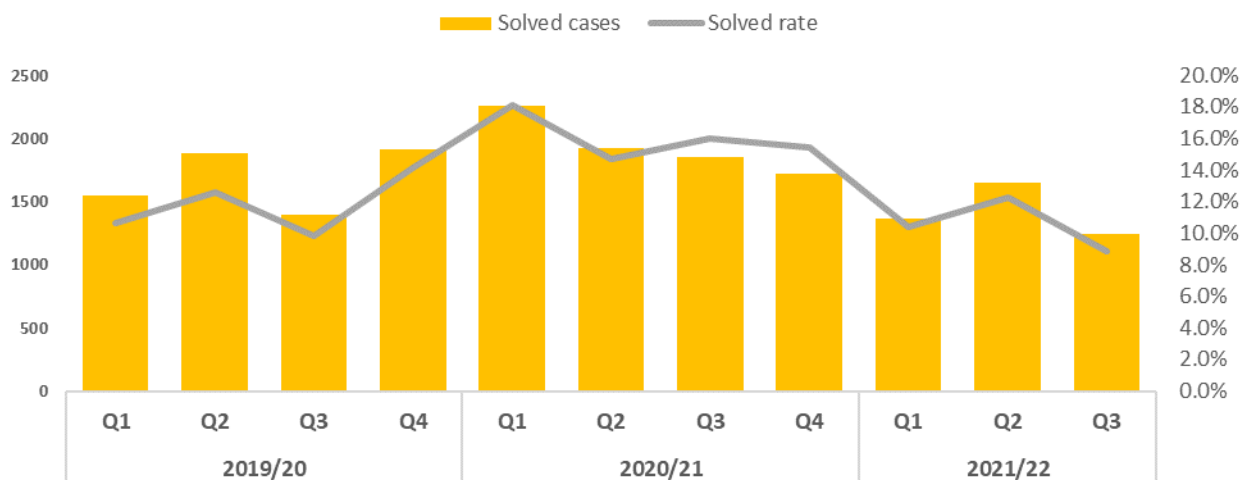
With this figure in mind, the Financial Year to Date (FYTD) has recorded more crimes than expected (an additional 3.2% or 1,403 crimes). Gwent have a bigger percentage increase than the most similar group of forces (MSG) average (+7.2%) but lower than the national average (+13.2%). Considering the improvements made in recent months towards more ethical crime recording, this is a positive situation.

For the rolling 12 months, Gwent have a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 83.9. This puts the force 16th nationally and 6th in MSG for density of crime.

National data is based on iQuanta to October 2021.

All Crime Outcomes

Poitive outcomes trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
10.6%	12.6%	9.9%	14.1%	18.1%	14.7%	16.0%	15.4%	10.4%	12.2%	8.9%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
9.9%	16.0%	8.9%	-1.0% ↓	-7.1% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
11.1%	16.3%	10.5%	-0.6% ↓	-5.8% ↓

Key Points

Compared to last quarter, positive outcomes fell by 3.3 percentage points (to 8.9%). Compared to quarter 3 2019/20 and 2020/21, positive outcomes have fallen by 1 and 7.1 percentage points respectively. Compared to FYTD 2019/20 and 2020/21, positive outcomes have fallen by 0.6 and 5.8 percentage points respectively. As mentioned in the last slide, last year was an exceptional year due to Covid lockdown. The reduced amount of crime coupled with a purge on a backlog of outcomes led to an inflated level of positive outcomes. Therefore, it is more appropriate to compare 2021/22 to 2019/20 where positive outcomes are more in line, but still show signs of deterioration. What is of concern is the direction of travel when comparing rolling 12 months and FYTD, which indicates that solved rates may deteriorate further.

For the rolling 12 months, Gwent are 6th (out of 8) in MSG and just below the national average for positive outcomes (placed 23rd out of 43 forces) with a solved rate of 12.1%.

For the FYTD, Gwent are 6th (out of 8) in MSG and just below the national average for positive outcomes (placed 23rd out of 43 forces) with a solved rate of 10.5%

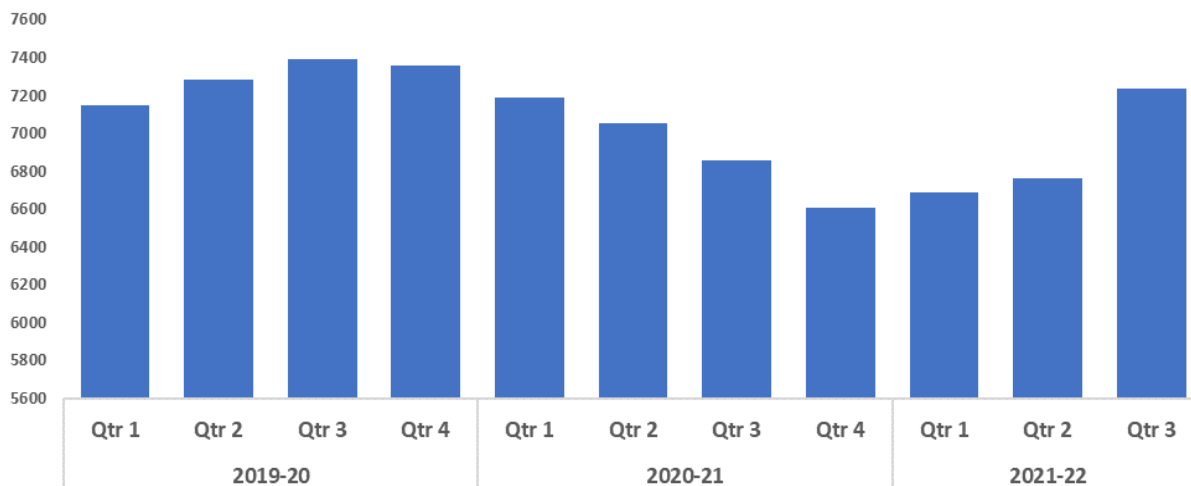
Gwent are placed 27th (out of 43) for using community resolutions as a means of achieving a positive outcome for the FYTD

Ownership of increasing community resolutions as a means of driving up positive outcomes sits up with local policing areas and work continues to better understand similar force and national positions and how this can influence solved rates.

There remains a backlog of outcomes to be finalised in the Crime Management Unit, which could impact solved rates if brought down.

Repeat Crime Victims

Repeat Victims (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
7145	7285	7392	7357	7188	7055	6858	6608	6688	6760	7235

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
7392	6858	7235	-2.1% ↓	5.5% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
21822	21101	20683	-5.2% ↓	-2.0% ↓

Key Points

The number of repeat crime victims (those a victim of 2 or more crimes in a 12-month rolling period) has increased above levels seen in 2020/21 and 2021/22.

There was a reduction of 2.1% (157 less repeats) when comparing quarter 3 2021/22 to quarter 3 2019/20, although a 5.5% increase when compared to quarter 3 2021/22 (377 more repeats).

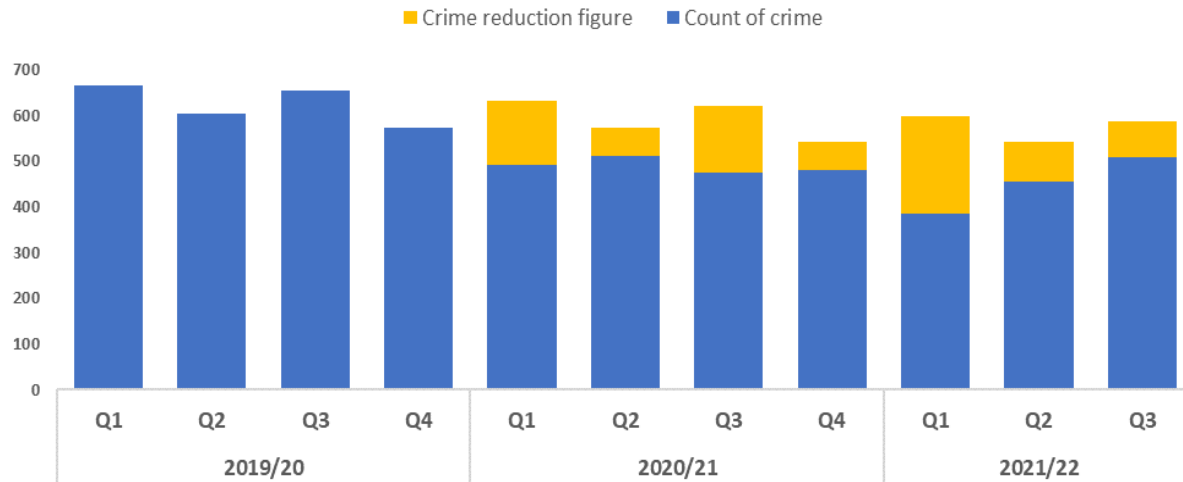
For this FYTD, levels are below both previous years (5.2% less than 2019/20 and 2% less than 2020/21).

It is noticeable the significant increase in repeat victims in quarter 3 2021/22 and the previous three quarters. This is likely due to the increased crime data integrity scrutiny currently going on in force.

More work is required with the Victims Hub to establish if the increase in repeat victim numbers is indicative of the current situation with more ethical recording of crime.

Residential Burglary Trend

Crime Trend (Residential Burglary- Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
666	604	654	572	493	512	474	480	385	456	508

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
654	474	508	-22.3% ↓	7.2% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
1924	1479	1349	-29.9% ↓	-8.8% ↓

Key Points

Residential Burglary has demonstrated an upward trend from quarter 1 2021/22 with quarter 3 recording the highest number of offences this financial year.

Quarter 3 2021/22 has seen significant reduction when compared with the same quarter for 2019/20 (-22.3%, 148 less offences). When compared with quarter 3 20/21 crime increased by 7.2% (34 more offences).

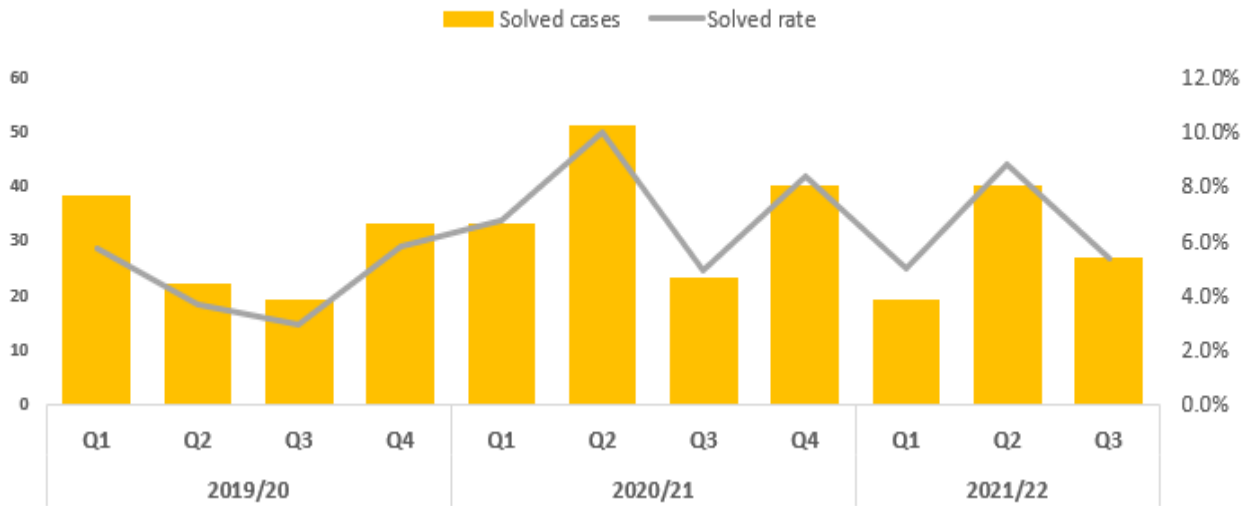
For the FYTD crime decreases have been observed on both previous years with a 29.9% and 8.8% respectively.

For FYTD, Gwent have a greater percentage reductions than MSG and national average. This is an indication of the success of We don't buy crime initiative rolled out at the start of this financial year.

For the rolling 12 months, Gwent have a crime rate (per 1,000 households) of 7.54. This puts the force 10th nationally and 4th in MSG for density of crime.

Residential Burglary Outcomes

Residential Burglary Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
5.7%	3.6%	2.9%	5.8%	6.7%	10.0%	4.9%	8.3%	4.9%	8.8%	5.3%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
2.9%	4.9%	5.3%	2.4% ↑	0.5% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
4.1%	7.2%	6.4%	2.3% ↑	-0.9% ↓

Key Points

Compared to last quarter, positive outcomes fell by 3.5 percentage points (to 5.3%). However, when comparing to quarter three 2019/20 and 2020/21, positive outcomes have increased by 2.4 and 0.5 percentage points respectively.

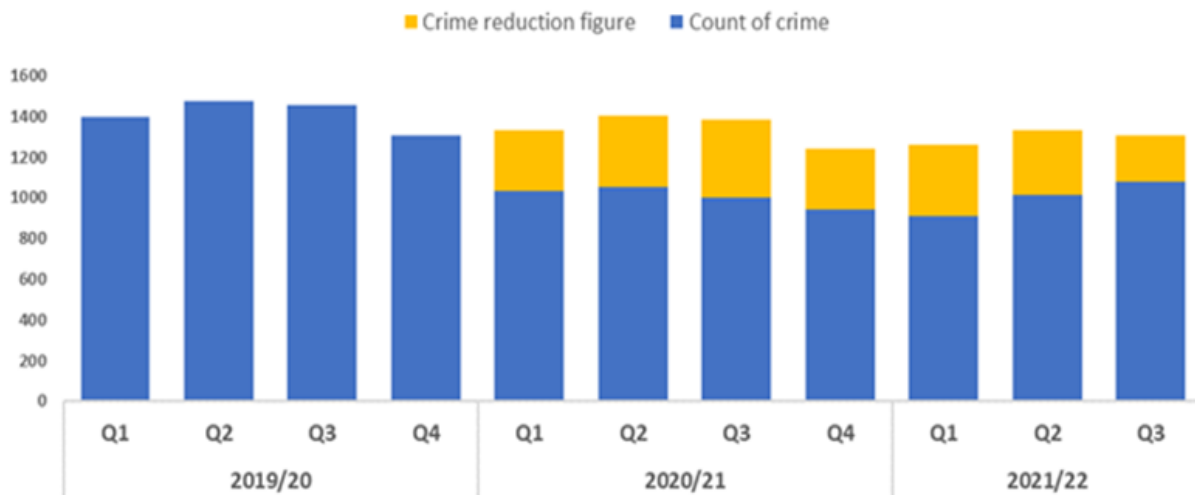
When comparing to FYTD 2019/20, positive outcomes have increased by 2.3 percentage points. However, compared to FYTD 2020/21, positive outcomes fell by 0.9 percentage points.

Nationally, Gwent are 16th out of 43 forces for the FYTD, and 5th (out of 8) in it's MSG.

The 'We don't buy crime' team are constantly evolving. Prolific offenders have been apprehended through covert work. Smart water and deterrent signs have been given to approximately 12,000 homes to help drive reduction and improve outcomes.

Neighbourhood Crime Trend

Neighbourhood Crime (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
1400	1477	1454	1304	1031	1054	1001	944	908	1015	1081

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
1454	1001	1081	-25.7% ↓	8.0% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
4331	3086	3004	-30.6% ↓	-2.7% ↓

Key Points

Neighbourhood crime has seen an upward trend this financial year.

Comparing the current quarter to quarter 3 2019/2020 there is a significant reduction of 25.7% (373 fewer offences) but an increase when compared to quarter 3 of 2020/2021 where there is a increase of 8.0% (80 more offences).

For the rolling 12 months Residential Burglary, Gwent have a crime rate (per 1,000 households) of 7.54. This puts the force 10th nationally and 4th in MSG for density of crime.

For rolling 12 months Personal Robbery, Gwent have a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 0.39. This puts the force 26th nationally and 5th in MSG for density of crime.

For the rolling 12 months Vehicle Crime, Gwent has a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 3.85. This puts the force 26th nationally and 6th in MSG for density of crime.

Neighbourhood Crimes Outcomes

Poitive outcomes trend - Neighbourhood Crime (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
5.7%	4.7%	3.8%	4.5%	7.5%	7.4%	5.6%	7.4%	4.4%	7.7%	4.8%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
3.8%	5.6%	4.8%	1.0% ↑	-0.8% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
4.7%	6.8%	5.7%	0.9% ↑	-1.2% ↓

Key Points

Compared to last quarter, positive outcomes fell by 2.9 percentage points (to 4.8%).

When comparing to quarter three 2019/20 positive outcomes increased by 1 percentage point, however decreased by 0.8 percentage points when compared to quarter three 2020/21.

Compared to FYTD 2019/20, positive outcomes have increased by 0.9 percentage points. However, compared to FYTD 2020/21, positive outcomes fell by 1.2 percentage points.

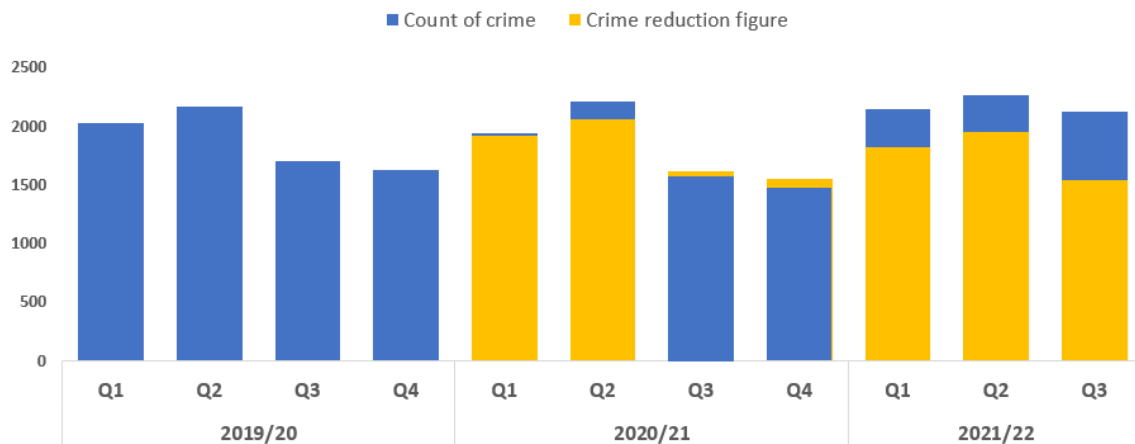
For FYTD Gwent rank 6th (out of 8) for Vehicle Crime in its MSG for positive outcomes. Gwent rank 16th (out of 43 forces) nationally for solving vehicle crime offences.

For FYTD Gwent rank 2nd (out of 8) for Personal Robbery in its MSG for positive outcomes, and rank 4th (out of 43 forces) Nationally.

For FYTD Gwent rank 5th (out of 8) for Residential Burglary in its MSG for positive outcomes. Nationally, Gwent are 16th out of 43 forces for the FYTD, and 5th (out of 8) in it's MSG.

Public Order Offences Trend

Crime Trend (Public Order- Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
2023	2170	1707	1632	1944	2216	1579	1450	2142	2260	2121

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
1707	1579	2121	24.3% ↑	34.3% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
5900	5739	6523	10.6% ↑	13.7% ↑

Key Points

Public Order Offences rose in the previous two quarters, however, in quarter 3 offences reduced. Quarter 3 2021/2022 demonstrated a 6.2% reduction on the previous quarter (139 less offences).

Compared to quarter three of 2019/20, Public Order Offences rose by 24.3% (an additional 414 offences).

Compared to quarter three of 2020/21, Public Order Offences rose by 34.3% (an additional 542 offences).

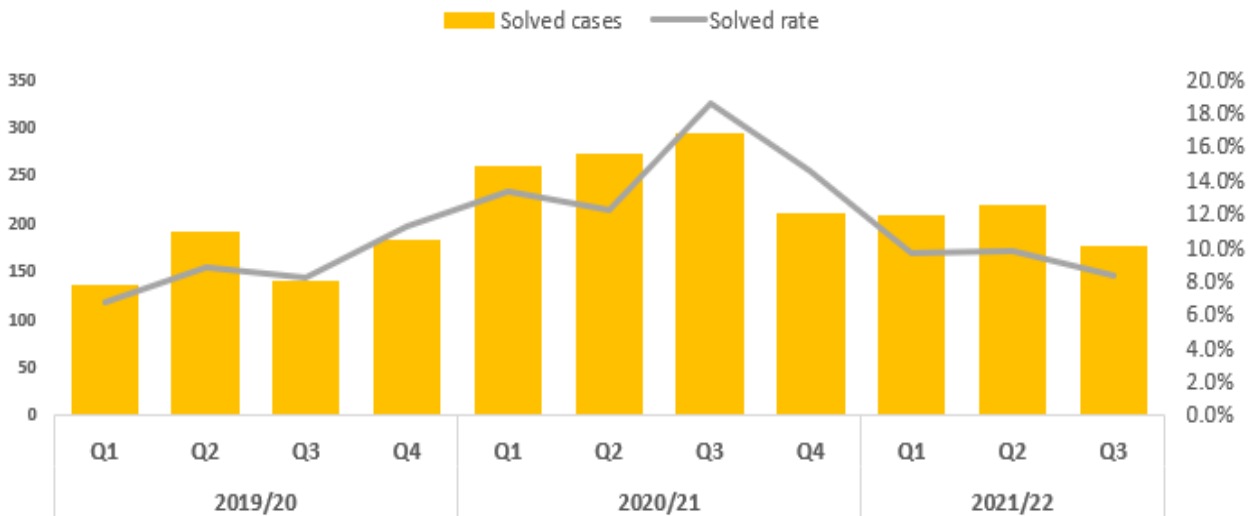
Increases were observed for FYTD on the previous two years. This rise may be attributed to the increased scrutiny on crime recording standards in this area.

For FYTD Gwent has a lower percentage increase than the national and MSG average. Although, for the rolling 12 months, Gwent has a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 12.9. This puts the force 6th nationally and 1st in MSG for density of crime.

It is predicted that Public Order Offences will remain high due to the increased awareness of ethical crime recording.

Public Order Offences Outcomes

Public Order Offences Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
6.7%	8.8%	8.1%	11.2%	13.3%	12.2%	18.6%	14.5%	9.7%	9.7%	8.3%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
8.1%	18.6%	8.3%	0.2% ↑	-10.3% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
7.9%	14.3%	9.2%	1.3% ↑	-5.1% ↓

Key Points

Public Order positive outcomes show a substantial decline compared with those of last year. When compared to quarter 3 2020/21 positive outcomes decreased by 10.3 percentage points. However, there was a slight increase of 0.2 percentage points when compared to quarter 3 2019/20.

When compared with the previous quarter, public order positive outcomes have fallen by 1.4 percentage points (to 8.3%).

For FYTD, Gwent rank 7th (out of 8) for positive outcomes in its MSG, and 25th nationally (out of 43 forces).

Despite a rising crime trend, solved cases would appear to be deteriorating. This may be due to community resolutions (outcome 8) becoming less used (see graph below)

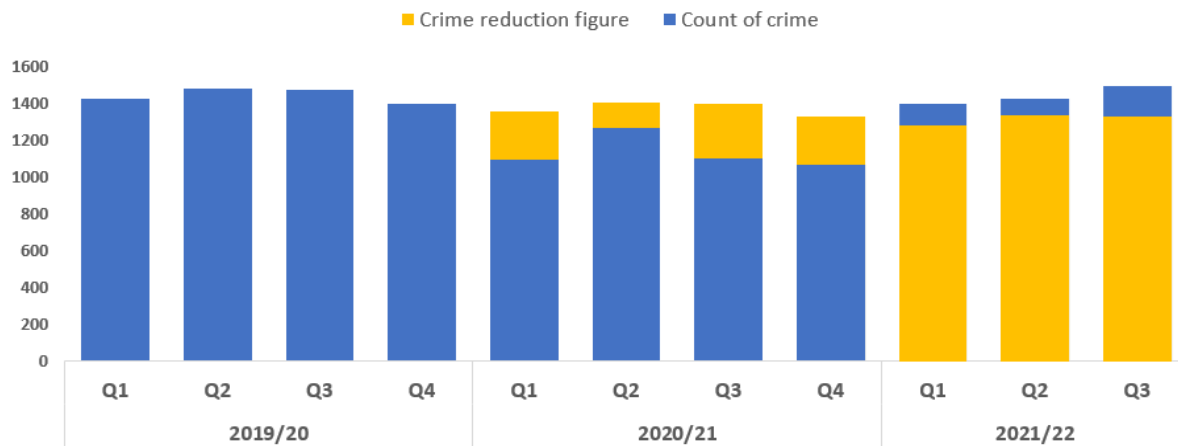
It has been identified that with an increasing crime trend, securing a positive outcome has become more important than ever, however this may prove difficult due to many more crimes having no clear identified victim.

Community resolution use in Public Order Offences



Violence with Injury Trend

Crime Trend (Violence with Injury - Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
1428	1483	1475	1399	1099	1272	1104	1070	1399	1426	1500

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
1475	1104	1500	1.7% ↑	35.9% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
4386	3475	4325	-1.4% ↓	24.5% ↑

Key Points

Violence with Injury offences have seen an upward trend from quarter four 2020/21.

Quarter 3 2021/22 has recorded a 1.7% increase (25 more offences to 1,500) when compared to quarter 3 2019/20 (Pre-Covid year).

Compared to last year, quarter 3 recorded a 35.9% increase (396 additional offences).

FYTD has recorded 1.4% less crimes than 2019/20 and 24.5% more than 2020/21.

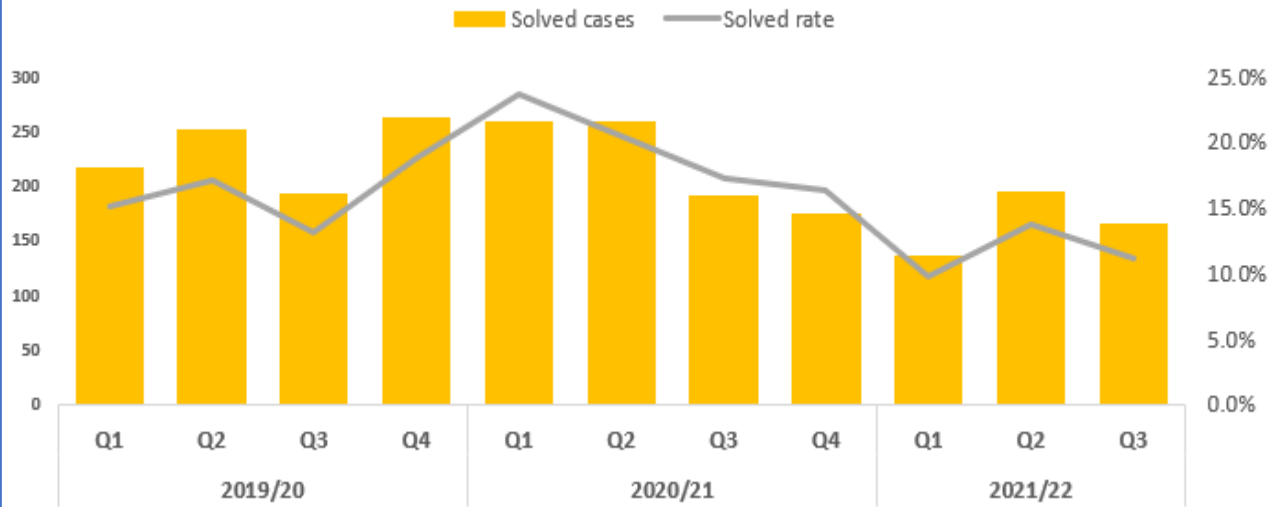
For FYTD Gwent has seen greater increases than the national average and MSG average.

Regular data is submitted to the Violence Prevention Hub which has been commissioned by the Welsh Government to better understand causation and ultimately lower violent crime offences.

For the rolling 12 months, Gwent has a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 8.51. This puts the force 16th nationally and 6th in MSG for density of crime.

Violence with Injury Outcomes

Violence with Injury Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
15.1%	17.0%	13.0%	18.7%	23.6%	20.4%	17.2%	16.3%	9.7%	13.7%	11.1%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
13.0%	17.2%	11.1%	-2.0% ↓	-6.1% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
15.0%	20.4%	11.5%	-3.6% ↓	-8.9% ↓

Key Points

Compared to the previous quarter positive outcomes for Violence with Injury have fallen by 2.6 percentage points (to 11.1%). A decrease can also be observed when comparing quarter three in 2019/20 and 2020/21, positive outcomes decreased by 2.0 and 6.1 percentage points respectively.

Violence with Injury positive outcomes show a large decrease compared to the previous two years. Compared to FYTD 2019/20, positive outcomes have decreased by percentage points 3.6 percentage points and compared to FYTD 2020/21 fell by 8.9 percentage points.

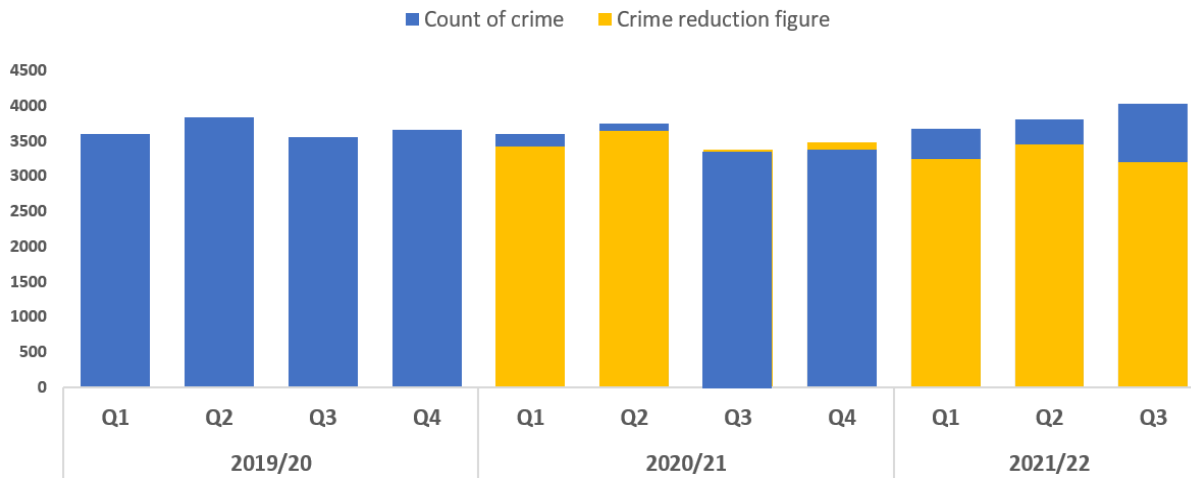
For FYTD Gwent rank 6th (out of 8) for Violence with Injury in its MSG for positive outcomes and 31st nationally (out of 43 forces).

The direction of travel of solved cases in conjunction with an increase in crime could mean a further deterioration in solved rates in the coming months.

Regular audits of the criminal justice journey are undertaken, from initial investigations through to files submitted with action plans being drawn up as a result. There is also a domestic abuse file build pilot which will address numerous issues currently present.

Violence without Injury Trend

Crime Trend (Violence without Injury - Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
3595	3835	3554	3660	3598	3745	3310	3346	3676	3812	4022

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
3554	3310	4022	13.2% ↑	21.5% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
10984	10653	11510	4.8% ↑	8.0% ↑

Key Points

Levels of Violence without Injury have demonstrated an upward trajectory from quarter three 2020/21.

Compared to quarter 3 of 2019/20, Violence without Injury offences increased by 13.2% (468 additional offences).

Compared to quarter 3 of 2020/21, Violence without Injury offences rose even further with a 21.5% increase (an additional 712 offences).

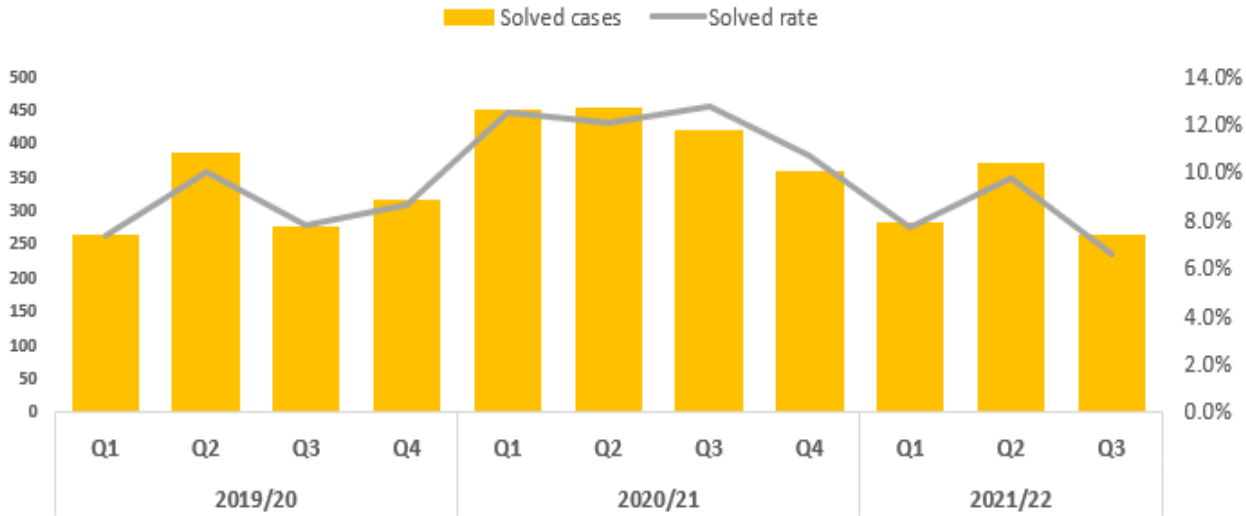
For FYTD Gwent have a bigger percentage increase than the MSG and national average.

For the rolling 12 months, Gwent has a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 11.05. This puts the force 24th nationally and 7th in MSG for density of crime.

The increase in this crime category is likely attributed to the additional criming of stalking and harassment and coercive control offences within force.

Violence without Injury Outcomes

Violence without Injury Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
7.3%	10.0%	7.7%	8.6%	12.5%	12.0%	12.7%	10.7%	7.6%	9.7%	6.6%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
7.7%	12.7%	6.6%	-1.2% ↓	-6.1% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
8.4%	12.4%	7.9%	-0.5% ↓	-4.4% ↓

Key Points

Violence without Injury positive outcomes decreased by 3.1 percentage points (to 6.6%) compared to the previous quarter. Additionally, there was a fall when comparing quarter three in 2019/20 and 2020/21, positive outcomes decreased by 1.2 and 6.1 respectively.

Compared to FYTD 2019/20, positive outcomes decreased by 0.5 percentage points and in FYTD 2020/21 decreased by 4.4 percentage points.

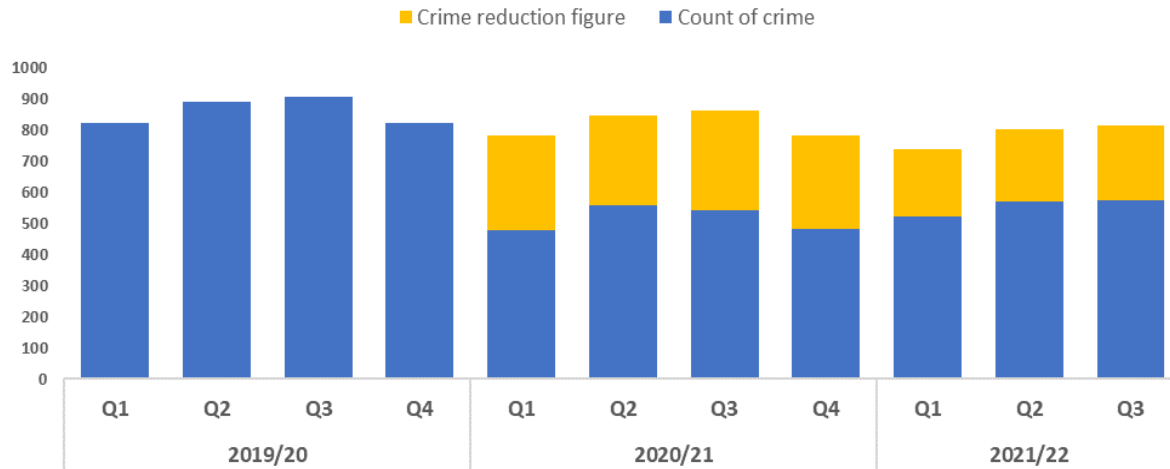
For the rolling 12 months Gwent rank 8th in it's MSG and 35th Nationally for solving violence without injury offences.

For FYTD Gwent rank 8th (out of 8) for Violence with Injury in its MSG for positive outcomes but ranked 26th nationally (out of 43 forces).

As with Violence with Injury offence outcomes, the direction of travel of solved cases with the rising crime trend is an area which needs closer scrutiny.

Shoplifting Crime Trend

Crime Trend (Shoplifting- Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
822	892	906	824	479	558	542	482	521	568	574

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
906	542	574	-36.6% ↓	5.9% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
2620	1579	1663	-36.5% ↓	5.3% ↑

Key Points

Shoplifting offences are below the crime reduction figure across all quarters and have reduced in comparison to number seen in 2019/20.

Quarter 3 2021/22 has recorded a 36.6% reduction (332 less offences to 574) when compared to quarter 3 2019/20 (Pre-Covid year). Compared to last year, quarter 3 recorded a 5.9% increase (32 additional offences).

FYTD has recorded 36.5% less offences when compared to 2019/20 and a 5.3% increase when compared to 2020/21.

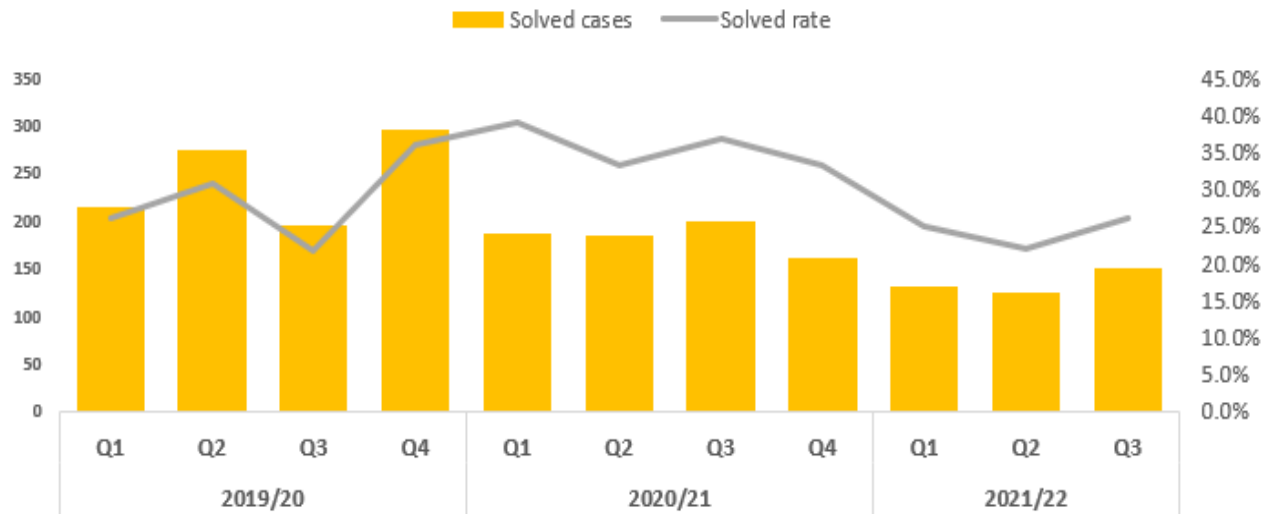
For FYTD Gwent have a significantly lower percentage increase than the MSG and national average.

For the rolling 12 months, Gwent has a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 3.52. This puts the force 32rd nationally and 8th in MSG for density of crime.

Despite Covid lockdown measures being eased, Gwent has not experienced the expected rise in crime within this category. There may be multiple reasons for this sustained drop which would require further analysis.

Shoplifting Outcomes

Shoplifting Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
26.2%	30.6%	21.5%	35.9%	39.0%	33.2%	36.7%	33.2%	25.0%	21.8%	26.0%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
21.5%	36.7%	26.0%	4.4% ↑	-10.8% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
26.1%	36.2%	24.2%	-1.8% ↓	-11.9% ↓

Key Points

Compared to the previous quarter positive outcome for shoplifting increased by 4.2 percentage points (to 26.0%).

For the FYTD Gwent are 10th (out of 43 forces) nationally and 3rd (out of 8) in it's MSG. Indicating that Gwent is doing well in terms of achieving positive outcomes for shoplifting.

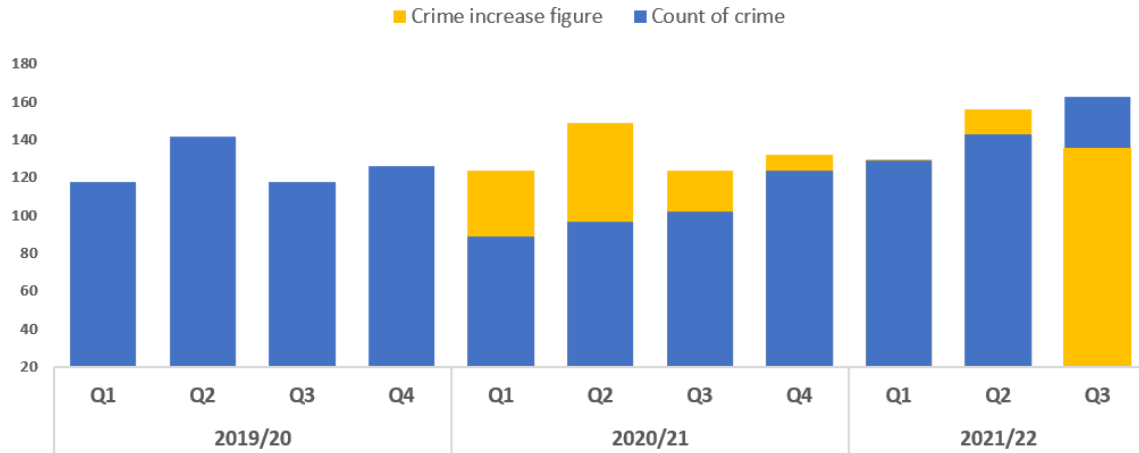
However, positive outcomes have decreased when comparing the past two years. When comparing this FYTD to FYTD 2019/20 the positive outcomes fell by 1.8 percentage points, and when compared to FYTD 2020/21 positive outcomes fell by 11.9 percentage points.

Despite ranking quite high for overall positive outcomes, Gwent ranked 35th (out of 43 forces) for shoplifting offences finalised with a community resolution.

More focus is needed on securing positive outcomes through the use of community resolution. Also, it is anticipated the advent of automatic facial recognition being available at many locations will increase successful outcomes.

Rape Crime Trend

Crime Trend (Rape- Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
118	142	118	126	89	97	102	124	129	143	163

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
118	102	163	38.1% ↑	59.8% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
378	288	435	15.1% ↑	51.0% ↑

Key Points

Rape offences have seen an upward trend since 2019/20. The current quarter has reported the highest level in the timeframe. Compared to quarter 3 of 2019/20, Rape Offences rose by 38.1% (an additional 45 offences).

Compared to quarter 3 of 2020/21, Rape Offences rose by a significant 59.8% (an additional 61 offences).

For FYTD increases were observed on the previous two years, by 15.1% when compared with 2019/20 and a notable increase of 51% when compared with 2020/21. The increase in Rape offences may not necessarily be negative as it could indicate an increase in confidence to report these offences.

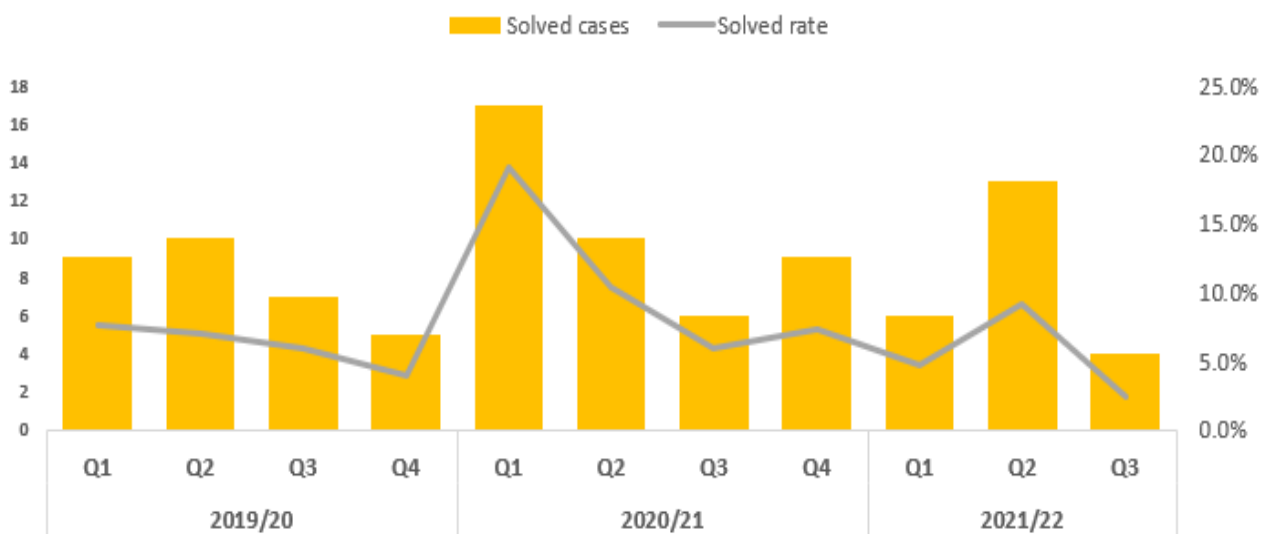
For FYTD Gwent have a significantly larger percentage increase (+51.6%) than the MSG average (+19.8%) and national average (+27.5%).

For the rolling 12 months, Gwent has a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 0.86. This puts the force 37th nationally and 8th in MSG for density of crime.

There has been additional scrutiny placed on reports of Rape and Other Sexual Offences, this forms part of protective services board and is discussed on a regular basis.

Rape Crime Outcomes

Rape Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
7.6%	7.0%	5.9%	4.0%	19.1%	10.3%	5.9%	7.3%	4.7%	9.1%	2.5%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
5.9%	5.9%	2.5%	-3.5% ↓	-3.4% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
6.9%	11.5%	5.3%	-1.6% ↓	-6.2% ↓

Key Points

Rape positive outcomes had a large decrease of 6.6 percentage points (to 2.5%) compared to the previous quarter.

Additionally, there was a fall when comparing quarter three in 2019/20 and 2020/21, positive outcomes decreased by 3.5 and 3.4 percentage points respectively.

Compared to FYTD 2019/20, positive outcomes decreased by 1.6 percentage points and in FYTD 2020/21 decreased by 6.2 percentage points.

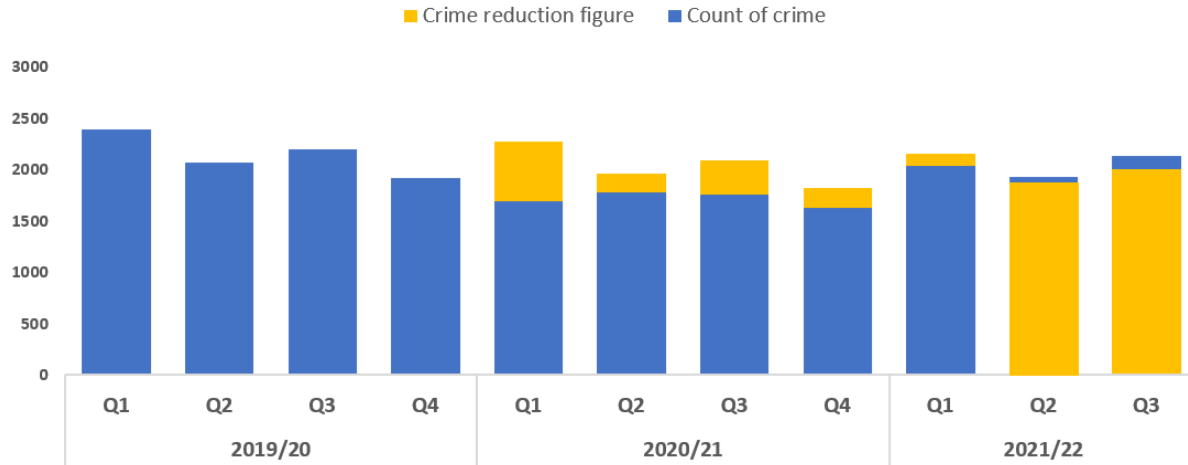
For FYTD Gwent rank 3rd (out of 8) for Rape in its MSG for positive outcomes and 10th nationally (out of 43 forces).

The inflated solved rates in quarter one of 2020/21 was due to a low crime rate coupled with a purge on finalising outcomes. Solved rates have retreated since then but in the context of national and MSG positions Gwent still find themselves in a healthy position.

There is a rape steering group within force and also an all Wales rape group for an additional layer of scrutiny. Rape investigations take a long time. The whole process from cradle to grave is constantly reviewed.

Criminal Damage and Arson Trend

Crime Trend (Criminal Damage & Arson - Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
2384	2063	2191	1909	1683	1771	1757	1620	2031	1921	2133

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
2191	1757	2133	-2.6% ↓	21.4% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
6638	5211	6085	-8.3% ↓	16.8% ↑

Key Points

Criminal Damage and Arson offences have seen increase on the Covid year as expected but levels have reduced in comparison to the Pre-Covid year.

Quarter 3 2021/22 has recorded a 2.6% reduction (58 less offences to 2,133) when compared to quarter 3 2019/20 (Pre-Covid year). Compared to last year, quarter 3 recorded an increase of 21.4% (376 more offences).

For FYTD, there was an 8.3% reduction on 2019/20 and a 16.8% increase on 2020/21.

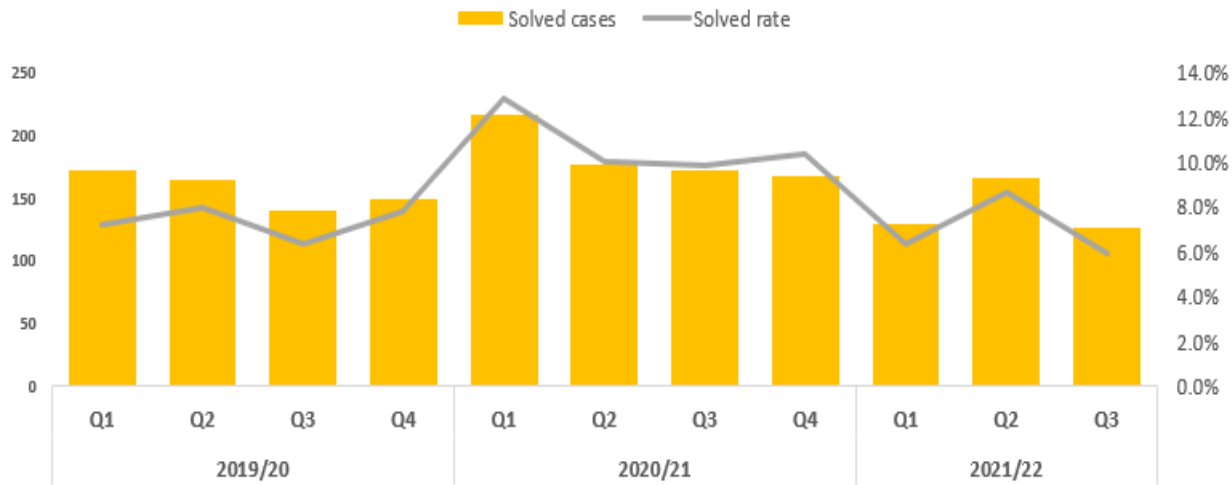
For this FYTD Gwent has a larger percentage increase than the MSG and national average.

For the rolling 12 months, Gwent has a crime rate (per 1,000 population) of 12.6. This puts the force 4th nationally and 3rd in MSG for density of crime.

For Arson offences alone, for the rolling 12 months Gwent are 1st nationally and 1st in MSG for density of crime. Despite having the highest crime rate nationally, Gwent rank 41st (out of 43 forces) for solved rate with 2.5%.

Criminal Damage and Arson Outcomes

Criminal Damage and Arson Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
7.2%	7.9%	6.4%	7.8%	12.8%	10.0%	9.8%	10.4%	6.4%	8.6%	5.9%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
6.4%	9.8%	5.9%	-0.5% ↓	-3.9% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
7.2%	10.9%	6.9%	-0.3% ↓	-3.9% ↓

Key Points

Compared to the previous quarter positive outcome for Criminal Damage and Arson decreased by 2.7 percentage points (to 5.9%). Compared to quarter three 2019/20 and 2020/21, positive outcomes have decreased by 0.5 and 3.9 percentage points respectively.

Additionally, positive outcomes have also decreased when comparing the past two years. When comparing this FYTD to FYTD 2019/20 the positive outcomes fell by 0.3 percentage points, and when compared to FYTD 2020/21 positive outcomes fell by 3.9 percentage points.

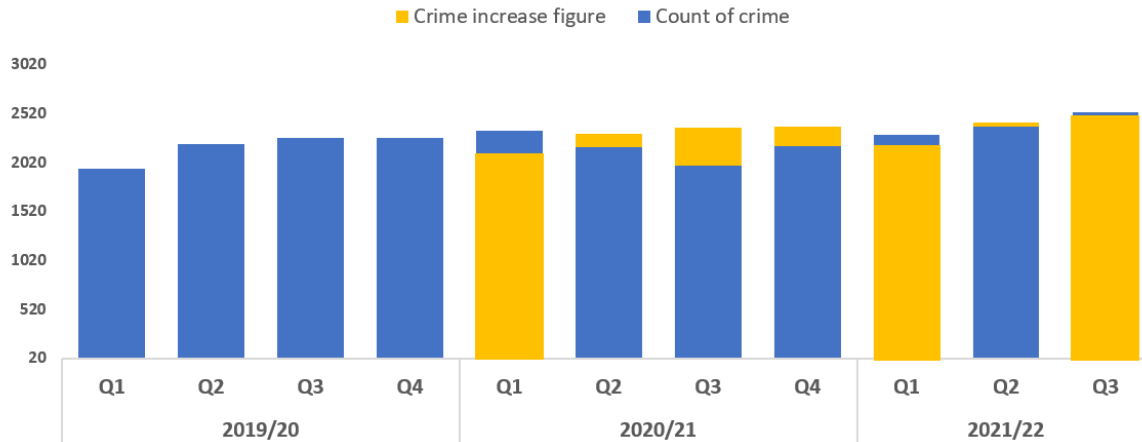
For the FTYD Gwent are 32nd (out of 43 forces) nationally and 7th (out of 8) in it's MSG for positive outcomes of Criminal Damage offences.

For the FTYD Gwent are 42nd (out of 43 forces) nationally and 8th (out of 8) in it's MSG for positive outcomes of Arson offences.

There needs to be a focus on Arson offences in the problem solving husband to maximise partnership work that sits around the arson reduction board that the fire service host so that understanding of the nature of these offences can be obtained.

Domestic Related Crime Trend

Crime Trend (Domestic Related Crime Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
1952	2205	2267	2275	2341	2172	1988	2189	2299	2391	2536

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
2267	1988	2536	11.9% ↑	27.6% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
6424	6501	7226	12.5% ↑	11.2% ↑

Key Points

Domestic related crime has demonstrated an upward trend from quarter 3 2020/21.

Quarter 3 of 2021/22 recorded a rise on the previous quarter (up 6.1%, an increase of 145 offences).

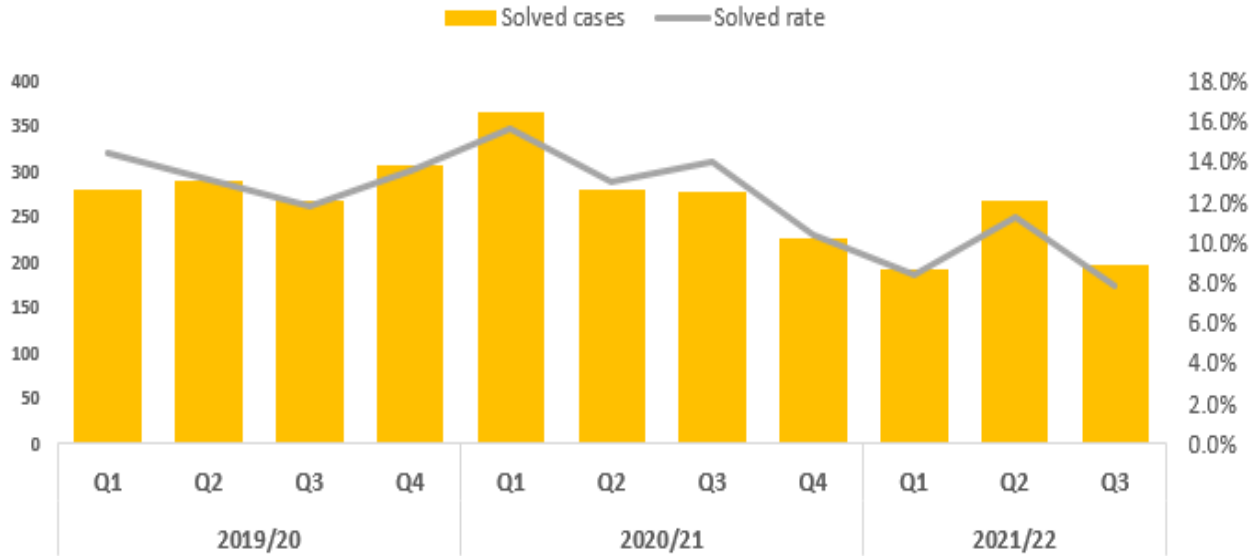
Quarter 3 2021/22 has recorded a 11.9% increase (269 more offences to 2,536) when compared to quarter 3 2019/20 (Pre-Covid year).

Compared to last year, quarter 3 recorded a more significant increase of 27.6% (548 more offences).

This FYTD has recorded increased levels when compared to the previous two years. The increase may be attributed to the on-going work with crime data integrity and the emphasis on stalking and harassment offences.

Domestic Related Crime Outcomes

Domestic Related Crimes Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
14.4%	13.1%	11.8%	13.5%	15.6%	12.9%	14.0%	10.3%	8.3%	11.2%	7.8%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
11.8%	14.0%	7.8%	-4.0% ↓	-6.2% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
13.0%	14.2%	9.1%	-3.9% ↓	-5.1% ↓

Key Points

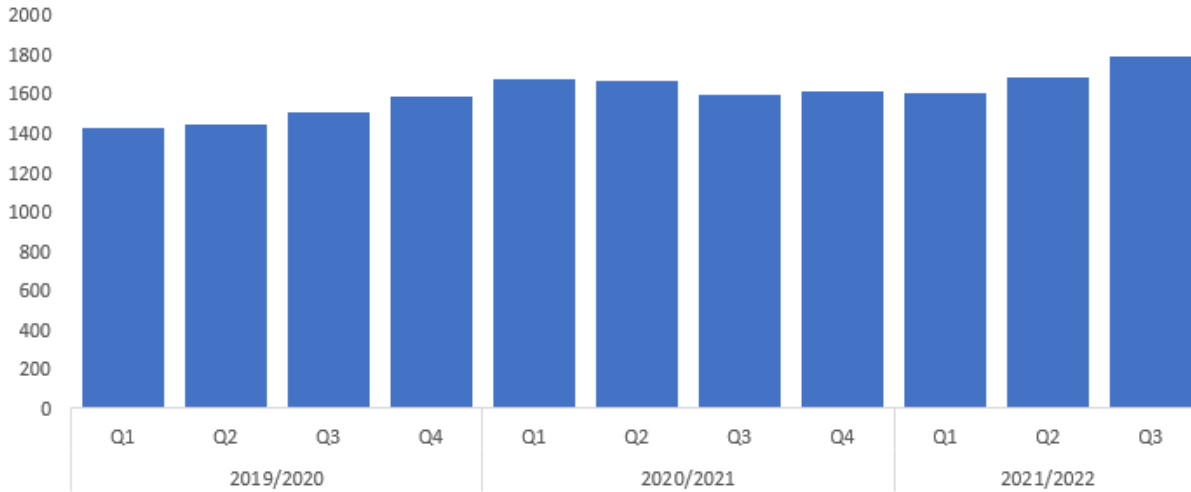
Domestic related crime positive outcomes in quarter three 2021/22 have decreased by 3.4 percentage points (to 7.8%) compared to the previous quarter.

When compared to quarter three of 2019/20, positive outcomes fell by 4.0 percentage points. When compared to quarter three of 2020/21, positive outcomes fell by 6.2 percentage points.

The deterioration in solved rates replicates that seen in Violence without Injury offences due to a large proportion of these being domestic related.

Domestic Abuse Repeat Victims

Repeat Domestic Victims (2019/20 to Qtr 3 2021/22 Rolling 12 months)



Quarterly Summary

	2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
Total	1429	1446	1509	1583	1675	1668	1600	1618	1609	1684	1793
Male %	19.0%	19.7%	20.2%	21.4%	22.3%	22.1%	22.9%	23.6%	22.1%	21.4%	19.2%
Female %	80.8%	80.2%	79.7%	78.5%	77.6%	77.7%	76.9%	76.1%	77.8%	78.4%	80.6%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
1509	1600	1793	18.8% ↑	12.1% ↑

Key Points

The amount of repeat domestic crime victims (based on rolling 12 months) has continued to increase compared to previous quarters, with this quarter reporting the highest level within the timeframe.

Compared to last quarter, there were 109 more repeat victims (an increase of 6.5%).

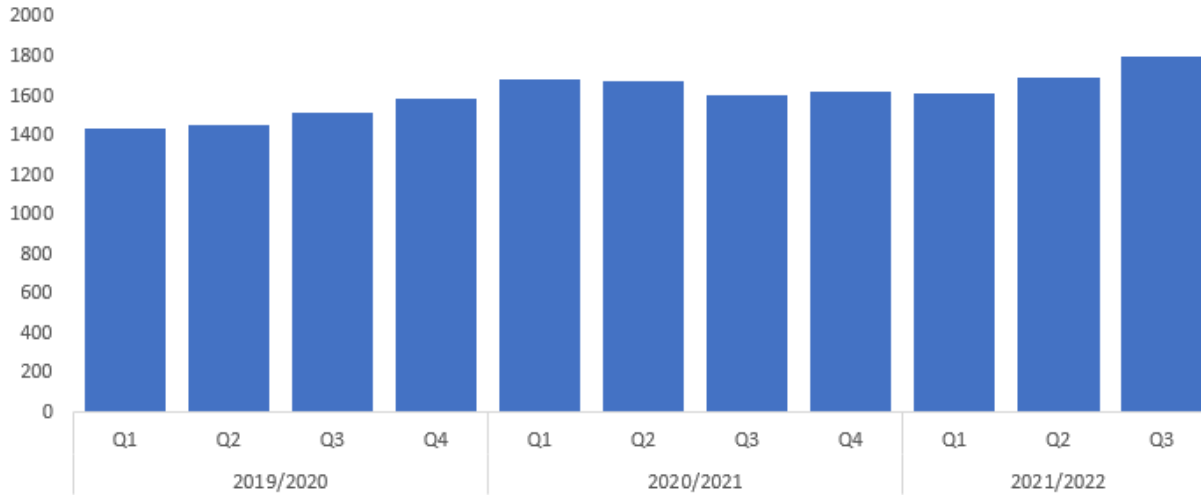
Compared to quarter 3 of 2019/20, there were 284 more repeat victims (an increase of 18.8%).

Compared to quarter 3 of 2020/21, there were 193 more repeat victims (a rise of 12.1%).

It may be that increased scrutiny on correctly recording crime has led to an increase in repeat victims in this crime area.

Domestic Abuse Repeat Offenders

Repeat Domestic Offenders (2019/20 to Qtr 3 2021/22 Rolling 12 months)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
1544	1566	1630	1686	1765	1756	1745	1762	1752	1800	1885

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
1630	1745	1885	15.6% ↑	8.0% ↑

Key Points

The amount of repeat domestic crime offenders (based on rolling 12 months) has continued to increase when compared with previous periods, with the latest quarter once again marking the highest level seen within this timeframe.

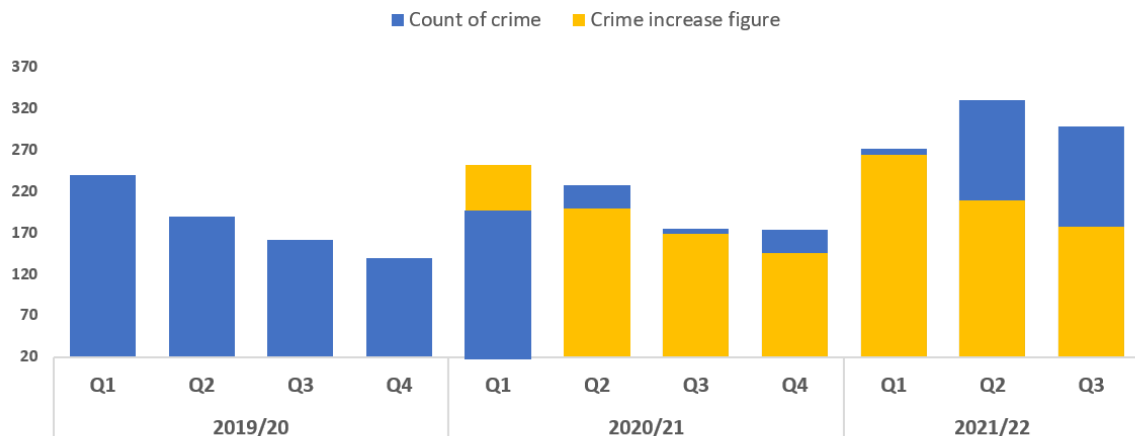
Compared to last quarter, there were 85 more repeat offenders (increase of 4.7%).

Compared to quarter 3 of 2019/20, there were 255 more repeat offenders (an increase of 15.6%).

Compared to quarter 3 of 2020/21, there were 140 more repeat offenders (a rise of 8.0%).

Hate Crime Trend

Crime Trend (Hate Crime Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
240	190	161	139	198	228	175	174	272	330	298

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
161	175	298	85.1% ↑	70.3% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
591	601	900	52.3% ↑	49.8% ↑

Key Points

The amount of hate crimes have increased significantly this financial year when compared with previous periods. Although there was a 9.7% reduction (32 less offences) when compared with the previous quarter.

When compared to quarter three of 2019/20, hate crime increased by 85.1% (an additional 137 offences).

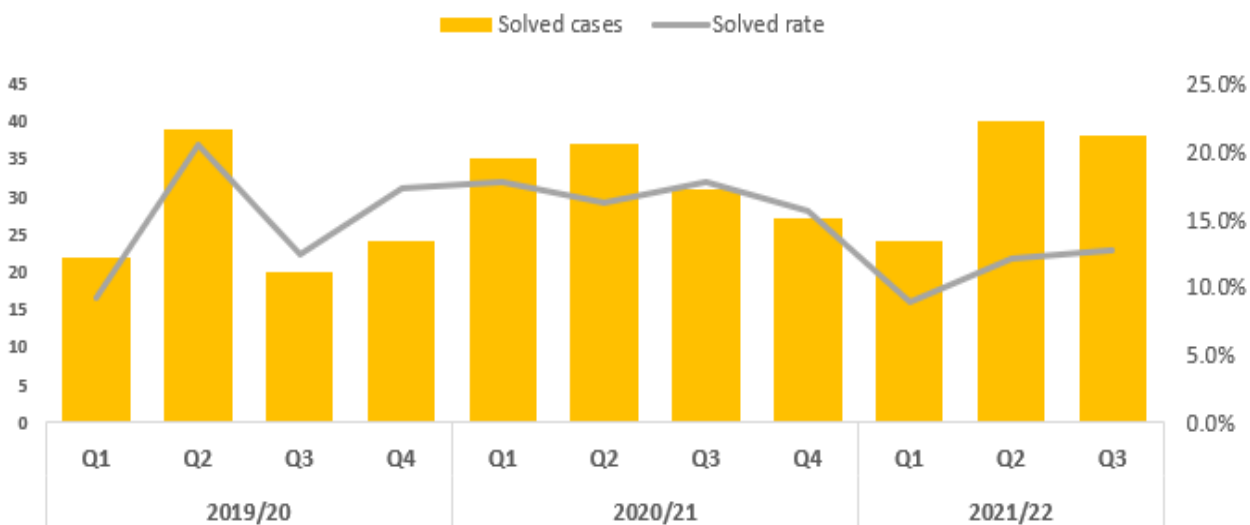
When compared to quarter three of 2020/21, hate crime increased by 70.3% (an additional 123 offences).

Disability hate crime saw an increase when compared to recent quarters with the West LPA recording the most offences (58.8%) Transphobic hate crime also saw an increase compared to recent quarters, again with the West LPA recording the highest number of offences with 68.2%.

This FYTD has recorded notable increases when compared to the two most previous years. This rise is likely due to the change in internal recording of Hate Crime as well as other work to increase confidence in reporting.

Hate Crime Outcomes

Hate Crime Positive Outcomes Trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
9.2%	20.5%	12.4%	17.3%	17.7%	16.2%	17.7%	15.5%	8.8%	12.1%	12.8%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
12.4%	17.7%	12.8%	0.3% ↑	-5.0% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	PP change (19-20)	PP change (20-21)
13.7%	17.1%	11.3%	-2.4% ↓	-5.8% ↓

Key Points

Positive outcomes rose in this quarter compared to the previous although is low compared to the levels seen last year.

Hate crime positive outcomes increased in quarter three of 2021/22 compared to the previous quarter by 0.7 percentage points.

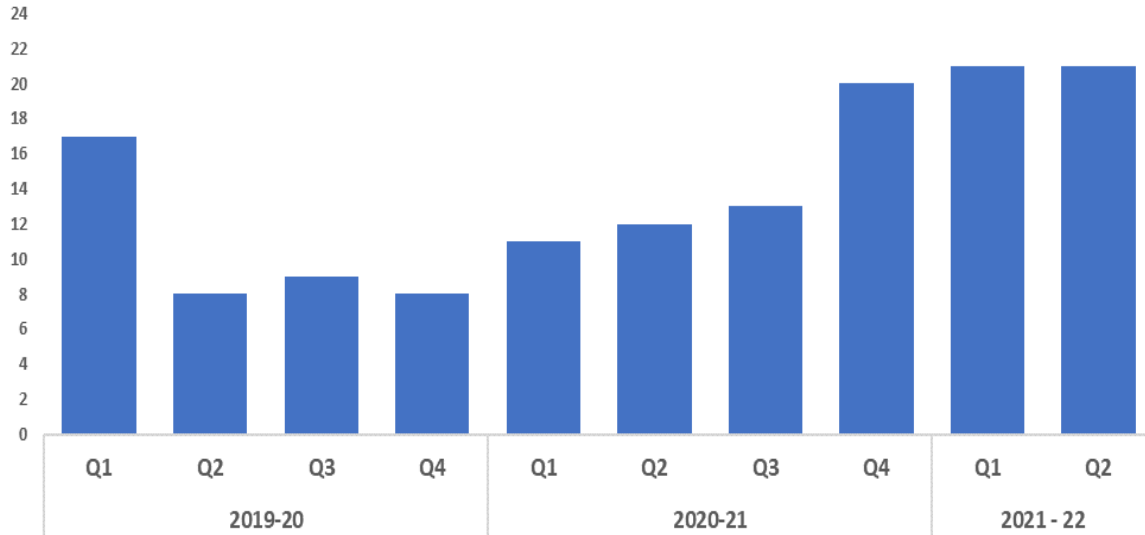
Compared to quarter three of 2019/20 there was a slight increase of 0.3 percentage points, however compared to quarter three 2020/21 positive outcomes decreased by 5 percentage points.

When comparing this FYTD to FYTD 2019/20 there has been a 2.4 percentage point decrease in positive outcomes, and a 5.8 percentage point decrease when compared to FYTD 2020/21.

There continues a daily review in problem solving hubs of every hate crime, looking at patterns and trends, identifying those who are being targeted, why, etc.

Modern Day Slavery

Modern Day Slavery and Human Trafficking Crimes (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
17	8	9	8	11	12	13	20	21	21	24

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)		FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
9	13	24	166.7% ↑	84.6% ↑		34	36	66	94.1% ↑	83.3% ↑

Key Points

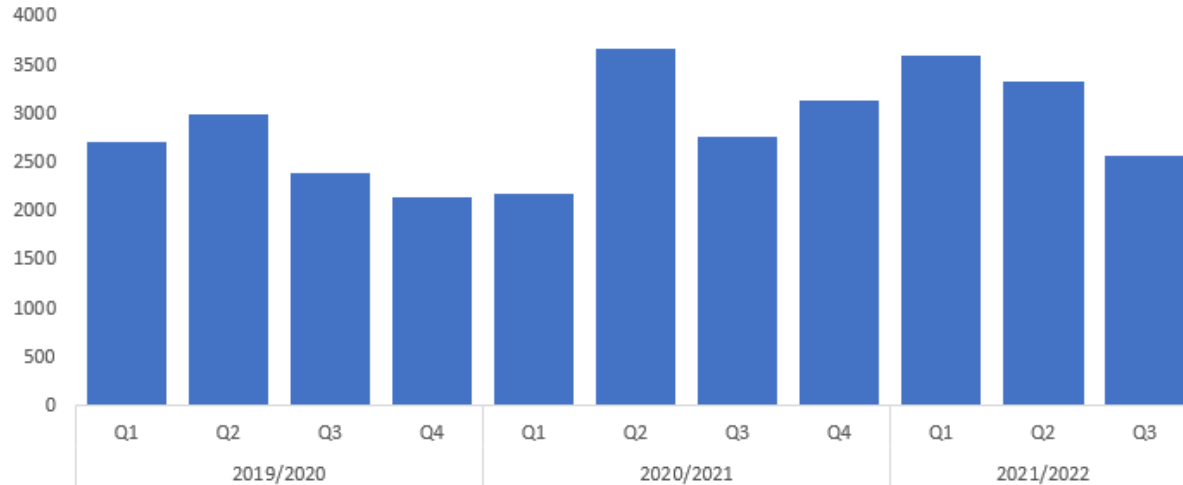
The number of Modern Day Slavery and Human Trafficking crimes recorded have seen an upward trend from quarter four 2019/20 with quarter 3 recording the highest volume seen in the timeframe.

Quarter 3 of 2021/22 has recorded a significant increase in levels of crime when compared with the same quarter in 2019/20 (up 166.7%, 15 additional crimes) and compared to quarter three 2020/21 an increase was observed of 84.6% (11 additional crimes).

The increased levels of crime is believed to be attributed to the work the Modern Day Slavery team have done around NRM submissions.

ASB Trend

ASB (2019/20 to Qtr 3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
2704	2976	2380	2127	2167	3663	2753	3122	3593	3312	2557

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
2380	2753	2557	7.4% ↑	-7.1% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
8060	8583	9462	17.4% ↑	10.2% ↓

Key Points

The amount of anti-social behaviour in Gwent declined when compared to the previous quarter, with ASB falling by 22.8% (755 fewer incidents).

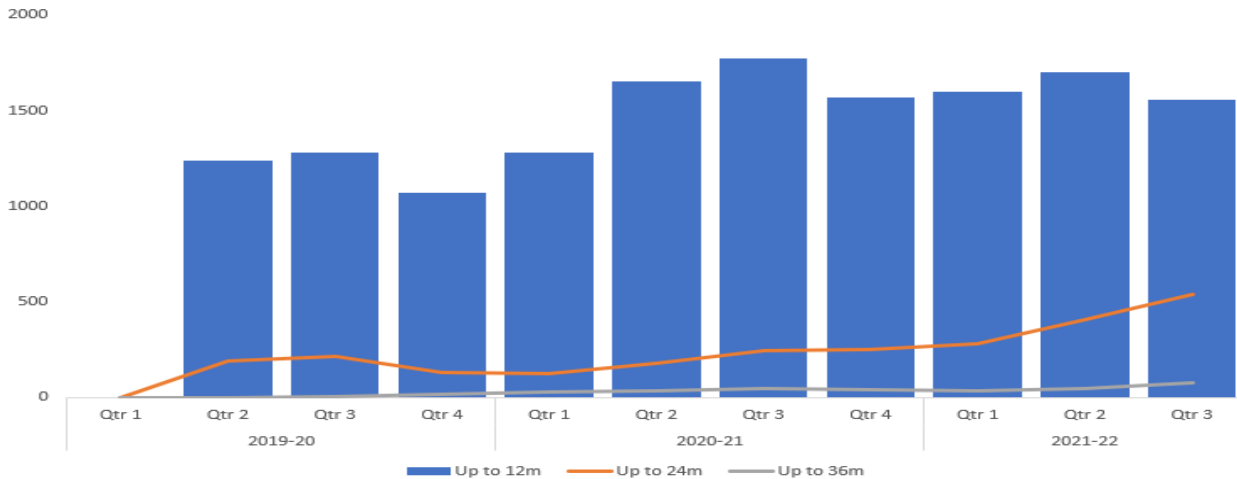
When compared to quarter 3 of 2019/20, ASB rose by 7.4% (an additional 177 incidents). When compared to quarter 3 of 2020/21, ASB levels fell by 7.1% (196 fewer incidents).

This decline in ASB levels could be attributed in part to the onset of winter weather conditions over the last quarter, as borne out by similar decreases in quarter 3 when compared to quarter 2 during both the Covid and pre-Covid years.

Another contributory factor may be public order and criminal damage offences being correctly categorised as a crime and not an ASB incident (Crime Data Integrity improvements).

Released Under Investigation (RUI)

RUI (2019/20 to Qtr 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

	2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
Up to 12m	n/a	1237	1280	1069	1281	1654	1774	1567	1602	1704	1555
Up to 24m	n/a	194	213	133	124	180	246	250	282	408	540
Up to 36m	n/a	0	2	16	26	32	47	43	32	46	77

	Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
Up to 12m	1280	1774	1555	21.5% ↑	-12.3% ↓
Up to 24m	213	246	540	153.5% ↑	119.5% ↑
Up to 36m	2	47	77	3750.0% ↑	63.8% ↑

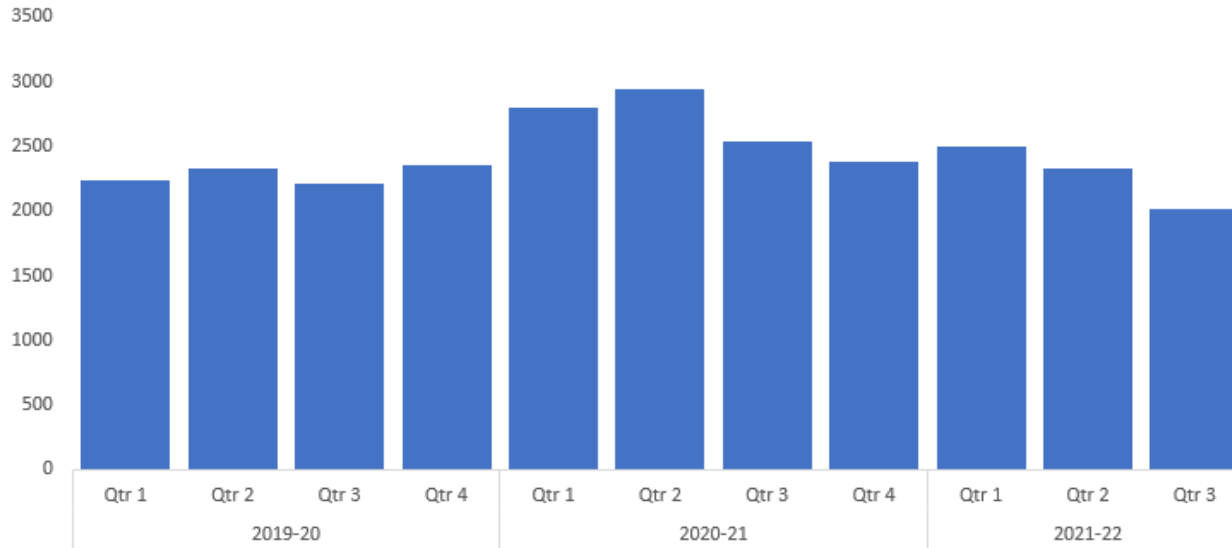
Key Points

The number of persons currently released under investigation (RUI) have fallen from last quarter, as well as falling compared to quarter three 2020/21. However, the number of RUI's has increased compared to quarter three 2019/20.

The governance of RUI is through Operational Performance Board. There is an RUI working group with representatives from across the force. There is a monthly report that goes out for all our RUI to the LPAs for their performance and management teams. A Sergeant is working his way through all of the RUI occurrences, starting with the oldest to check whether there's any that should have been closed down that haven't been.

Arrests

Arrest Trend (2019/20 to Qtr 3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
2243	2331	2213	2349	2799	2939	2538	2376	2504	2327	2013

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
2213	2538	2013	-9.0% ↓	-20.7% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
6787	8276	6844	0.8% ↑	-17.3% ↓

Key Points

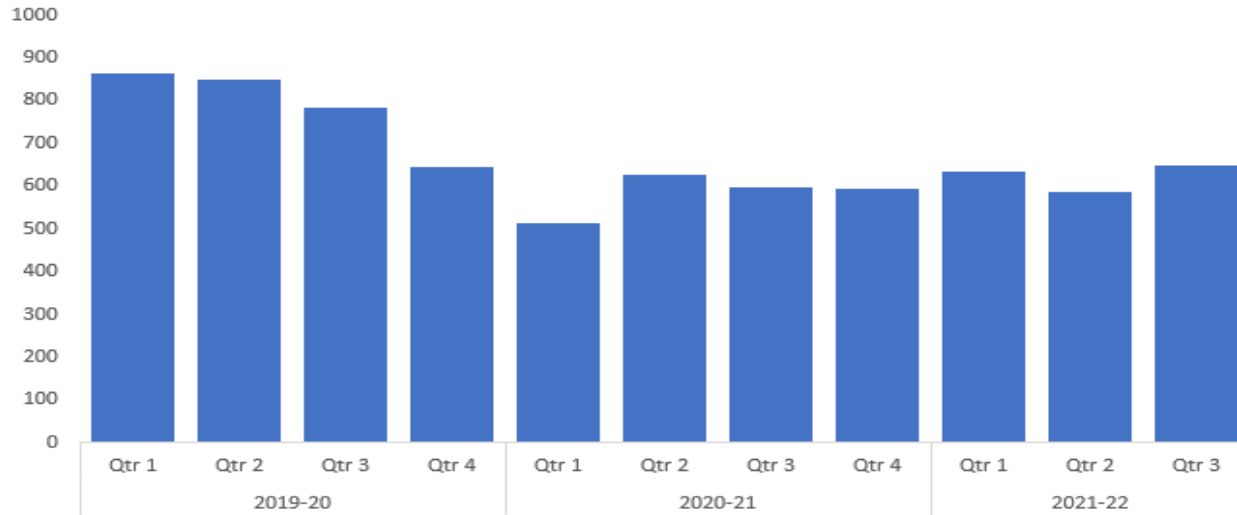
The number of arrests remained reduced when compared with the previous quarter, with a decrease of 314 arrests.

Compared to quarter three 2019/20, arrests were down with a 9.0% reduction (200 fewer arrests). Compared to quarter three 2020/21, arrests were down with a 20.7% reduction (525 fewer arrests).

The reduction in the number of arrests can be attributed to the successive closures of the custody units since August 2021.

Voluntary Attendance

Voluntary Attendance (2019/20 to Qtr 3 2021/22)



Key Points

The number of voluntary attendees have increased by 60 when compared to the previous quarter.

Compared with quarter three in 2019/20, voluntary attendance fell by 17.1% (134 less VA's), and in quarter three 2020/21, voluntary attendance increased by 8.2% (49 more VA's).

Quarterly Summary

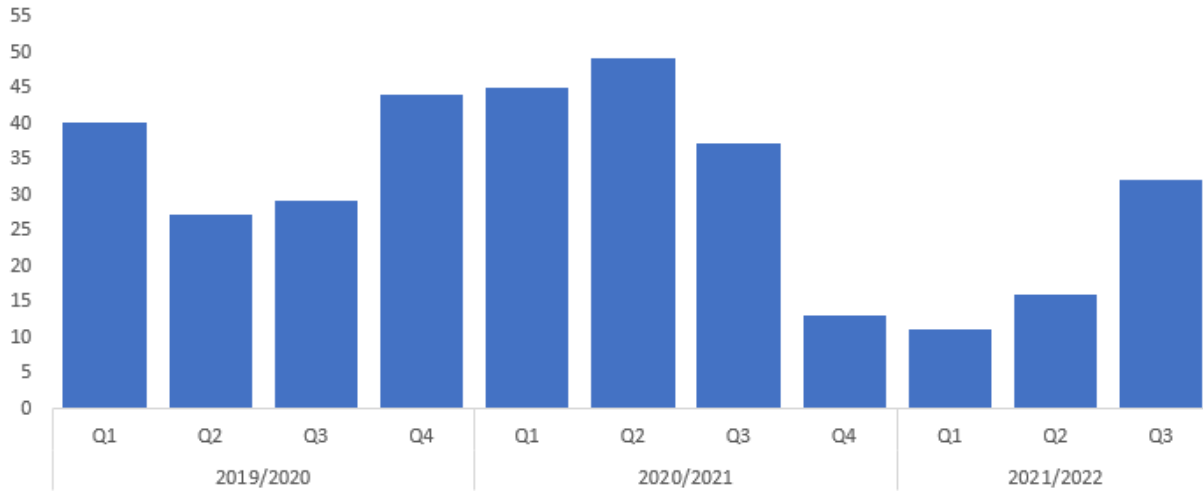
2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
862	850	782	645	512	625	599	592	633	588	648

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
782	599	648	-17.1% ↓	8.2% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
2494	1736	1869	-25.1% ↓	7.7% ↑

Investigation Timeliness

Investigation Timeliness days (2019/20 to Qtr 3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
40	27	29	44	45	49	37	13	11	16	32

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
29	37	32	10.3% ↑	-13.5% ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
96	131	59	-38.5% ↓	-55.0% ↓

Key Points

The median number of days for completing an investigation has doubled from the previous quarter to 32 days for quarter 3 of 2021/22. This is particularly unfortunate when compared to the large improvements made in the previous three quarters.

That said, this should be viewed in the context of an overall increase in crime rate this quarter, along with a focus on Crime Data Integrity which may further extend the duration of investigations. In addition, this remains an improvement of 13.5% (5 days fewer) over quarter 3 in 2020-2021.

Investigation timeliness is difficult to measure in its current form due to tasks waiting for the crime management unit to finalise.

The figure shows the median of all investigations finalised during the set time period.

Organisational Assessment

1. Representative workforce
2. Sickness absence

Representative workforce

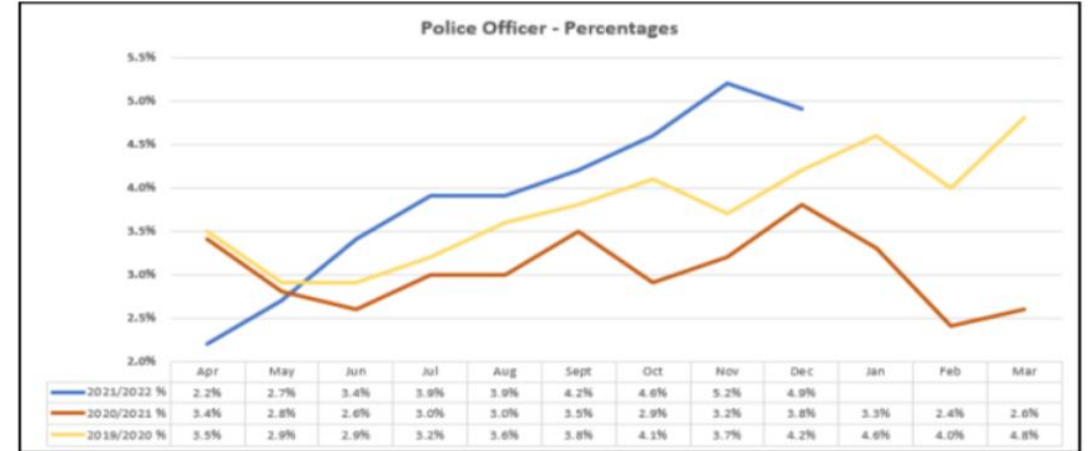
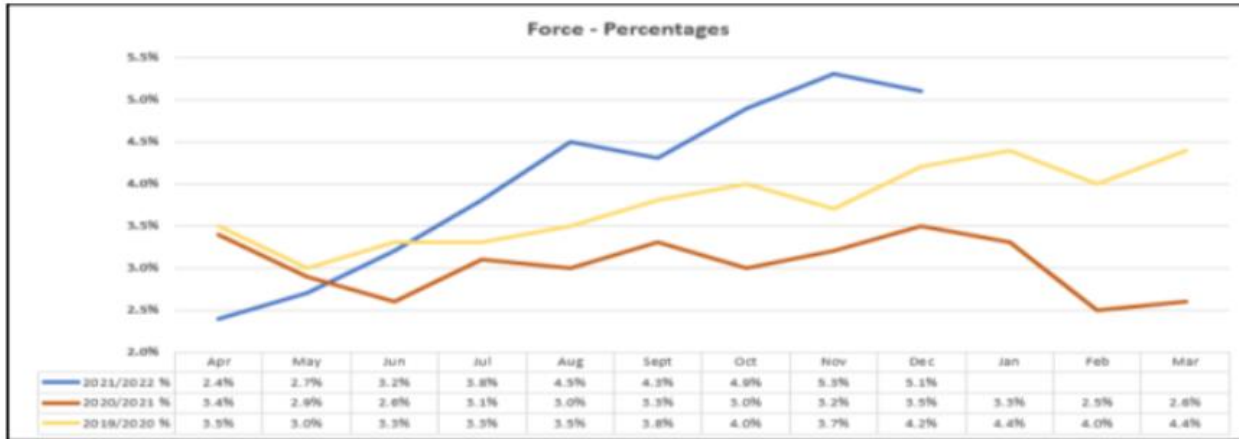
People Services Management Information as at 31st December 2021															
Employee Type	Establishment Numbers					Gender				Ethnicity					
	Finance Budget FTE	Establishment Budget FTE	Actual FTE	Actual FTE v Establishment FTE Variance	Headcount	Female	%	Male	%	BAME	%	White	%	Not Stated	%
Police Officer	1428.50	1431.50	1389.54	-41.96	1403	501	35.71%	902	64.29%	42	2.99%	1274	90.81%	87	6.20%
Police Staff	784.90	813.23	769.48	-43.75	815	552	67.73%	263	32.27%	18	2.21%	763	93.62%	34	4.17%
PCSO	162.00	162.00	156.55	-5.45	161	79	49.07%	82	50.93%	11	6.83%	149	92.55%	1	0.62%
OPCC	19.00	19.00	18.97	-0.03	20	15	75.00%	5	25.00%	0	0.00%	18	90.00%	2	10.00%
Special Constable	0	136	0	-60	76	25	32.89%	51	67.11%	3	3.95%	66	86.84%	7	9.21%
Agency Worker	0	0	0	0	37	21	56.76%	16	43.24%	1	2.70%	31	83.78%	5	13.51%

Key Points

There is a gender disparity in the workforce for both officers and staff. For officers, females are underrepresented by approximately 15 percentage points (current census data reveals that females make up 51% of the population in Gwent). However, females are overrepresented in the staff workstream area (by close to 17 percentage points)

There is also disparity in the minority ethnic representation in the workforce. For police officers, currently 3% are persons from an ethnic minority (3.9% 2011 Census, 5.1% StatsWales). Ethnic minority representation in staff is even lower at 2.2%.

Sickness rates

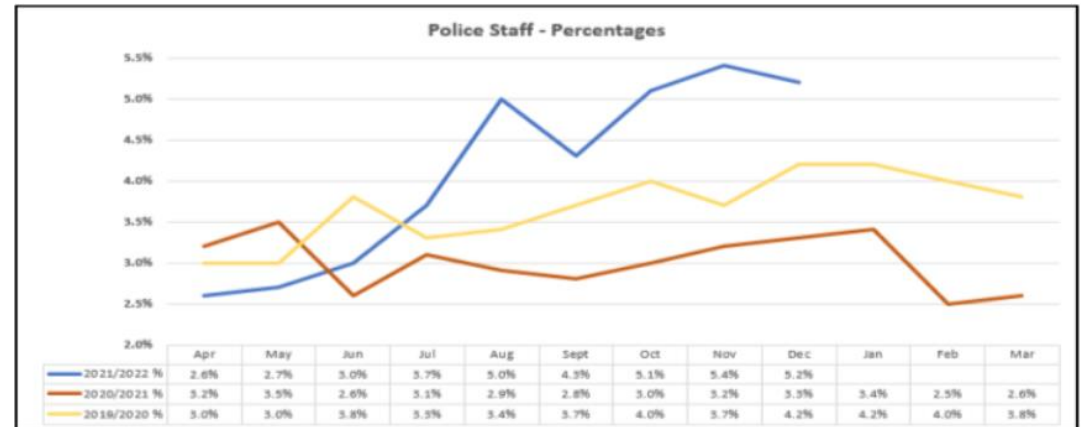


Key Points

Overall Force absence increased quarter 3 compared with previous years.

Officer absence in quarter 3 was also above the previous two years.

Staff absence was above the previous two years in quarter 3.

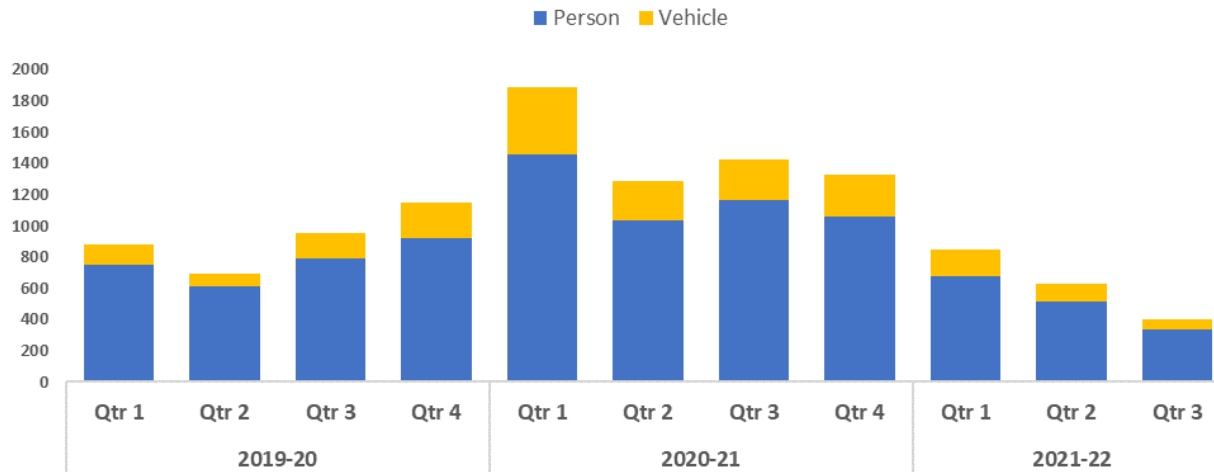


Service User Assessment

1. Stop and Search numbers
2. Stop and Search Race Disproportionality Rates
3. Stop and Search find rates
4. PPN submissions
5. FCS 101
6. FCS 101 Abandonment rate
7. FCS 101 Average speed of answer
8. FCS 999 demand
9. FCS 999 performance

Stop and Search

Stop and Search trend (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

	2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
Vehicle	131	85	164	229	432	257	267	266	175	108	66
Person	750	609	789	917	1455	1033	1161	1061	676	517	338

	Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
Vehicle	164	267	66	-59.8% ↓	-75.3% ↓
Person	789	1161	338	-57.2% ↓	-70.9% ↓

	FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
Vehicle	380	956	349	-8.2% ↓	-63.5% ↓
Person	2148	3649	1531	-28.7% ↓	-58.0% ↓

Key Points

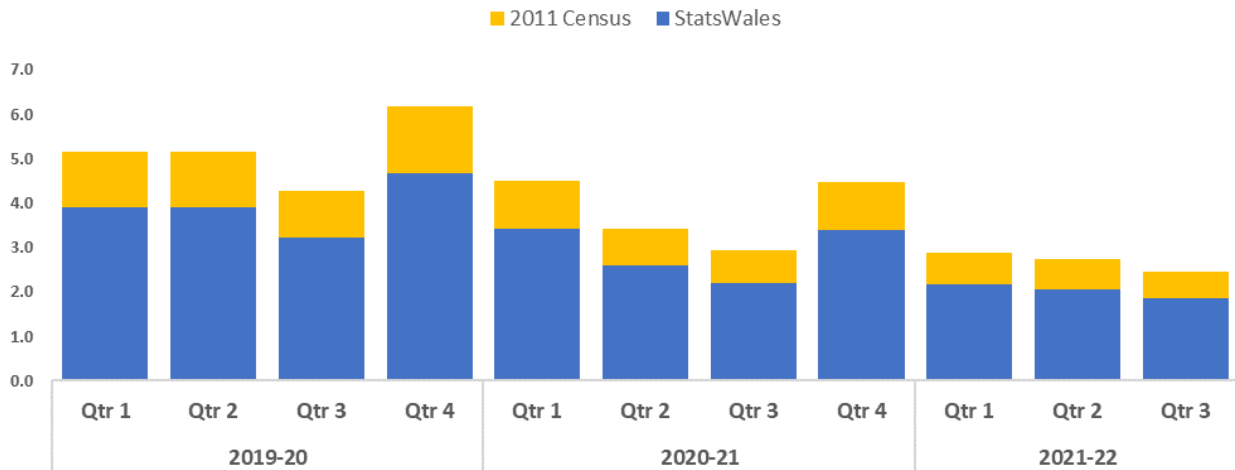
The number of person stops fell in quarter 3 when compared with the previous four quarters. Compared with last quarter, person stops decreased by 35%, 181 fewer persons.

Vehicle stops are down when compared to quarter 2 2021/22 (down 39%, 42 fewer vehicles).

The change from ASU into RPSO has affected the number of stop and searches. A brief has been given to all frontline staff to have confidence in using stop and search powers and utilise body worn video. It is hoped that numbers will start to rise again shortly.

Stop and Search Race Disproportionality Rate

Stop and Search RDR (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

	2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
2011 Census	5.2	5.2	4.3	6.2	4.5	3.4	2.9	4.5	2.9	2.7	2.5
StatsWales	3.9	3.9	3.2	4.7	3.4	2.6	2.2	3.4	2.2	2.1	1.9

	Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
2011 Census	4.3	2.9	2.5	-42.3% ↓	-15.8% ↓
StatsWales	3.2	2.2	1.9	-42.3% ↓	-15.8% ↓

	FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
2011 Census	4.8	3.7	2.1	-55.5% ↓	-41.8% ↓
StatsWales	3.6	2.8	1.6	-55.5% ↓	-41.8% ↓

Key Points

The RDR (race disproportionality rate) has fallen significantly during FYTD 2021/22 when compared to previous periods.

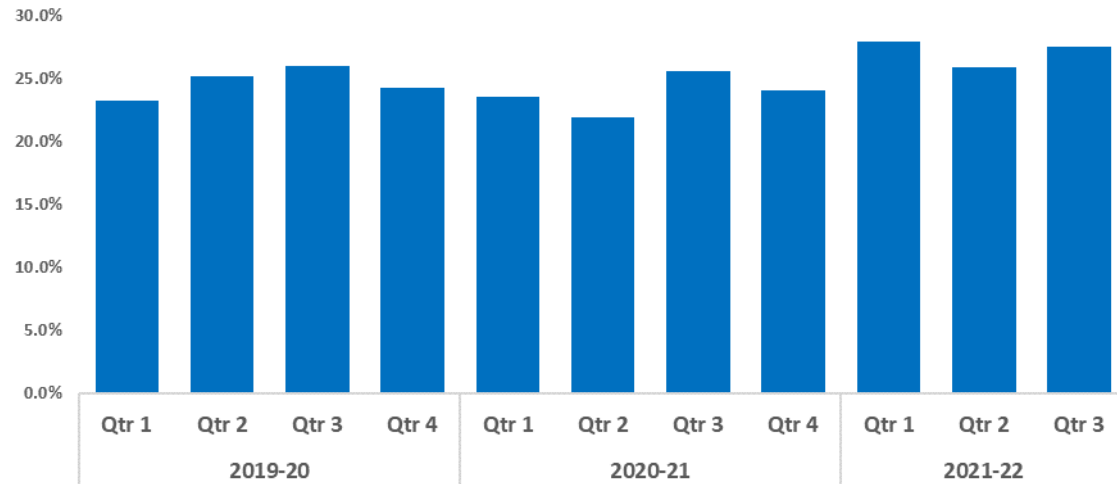
With figures taken from the 2011 census the RDR was 2.5 (meaning that GWP stop persons of an ethnic minority 2.5 times more than their white counterparts)

With figures taken from latest StatsWales estimates, the RDR is 1.9

This represents a significant improvement from quarter 3 in both 2019/20 and 2020/21

Stop and Search Find rates

Stop and Search find rates (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
23.2%	25.1%	26.0%	24.2%	23.6%	21.9%	25.6%	24.0%	28.0%	25.9%	27.5%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
26.0%	25.6%	27.5%	1.5% ↑	1.9% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	pp change (19-20)	pp change (20-21)
20.5%	19.6%	23.5%	3.0% ↑	3.9% ↑

Key Points

Stop and Search find rates have increased slightly in 2021/22 when compared to the previous quarter (up 1.6 percentage points), quarter 3 in 2019/20 (up 1.5 percentage points) and quarter 3 in 2020/21 (up 1.9 percentage points)

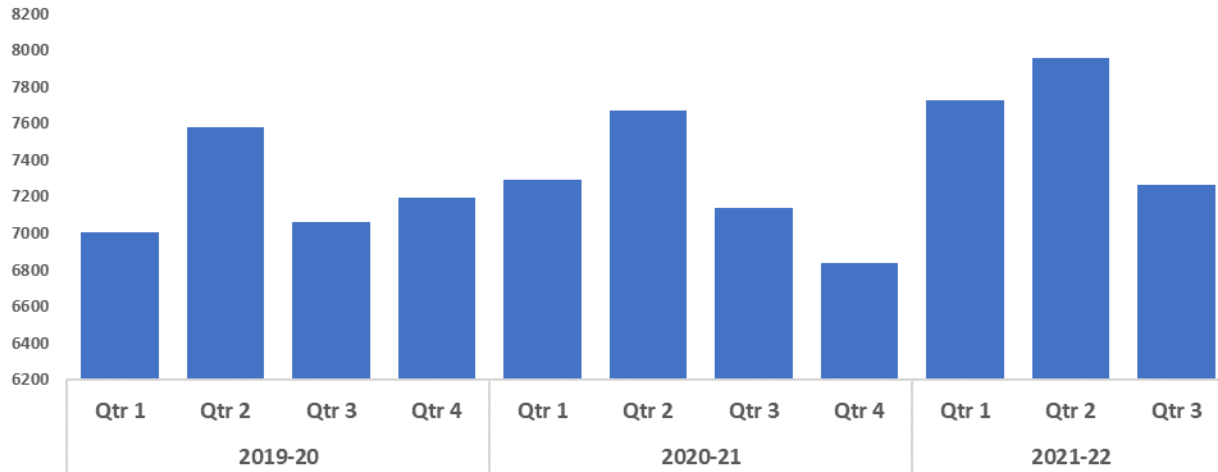
Despite the rise in find rates, the number of found items has significantly fallen when compared to previous quarters and FYTD.

The number of found items in quarter 3 of 2021/22 was 93. This is significantly lower than quarter 2 (2021/22) with 134 found items and quarter 3 (2020/21) with 297 found items.

This reduction in found items is replicated for the FYTD. This FYTD has recorded 416 items found. FYTD 2019/20 recorded 532 items found and FYTD 2020/21 recorded 866 items found.

PPN Submissions Trend

PPN submissions (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
7001	7576	7060	7196	7295	7672	7135	6836	7725	7954	7263

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
7060	7135	7263	3% ↑	2% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
28833	28938	22942	-20% ↓	-21% ↓

Key Points

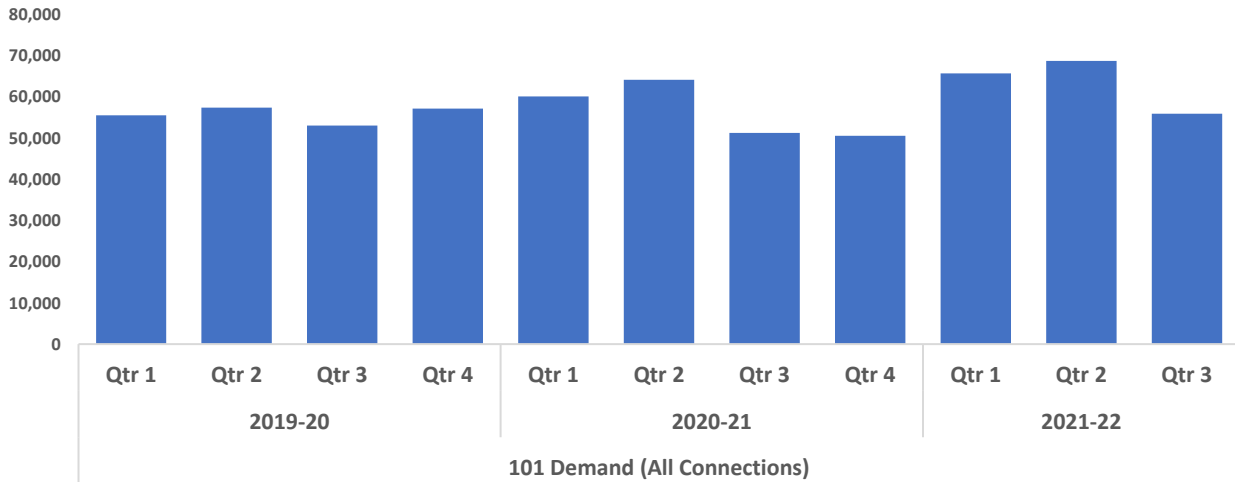
PPN submissions appear to peak during the summer months which correlates with the Force's increase in demand over those months. During 2019 PPN dropped in April which covers the lockdown period. There was an increase from May – August 2020 when lockdown measures were being lifted which is in line with 2019 and 2021 where levels increase over the summer.

PPN submissions decreased by 8.7% compared to the previous quarter (691 fewer PPN submissions).

Submissions in quarter 3 20/21 rose by 3% on quarter 3 2019/20 (additional 203 submissions) and rose by 2% on quarter 3 2020/21 (additional 128 submissions).

101 Demand

101 Demand (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

101 Demand (All Connections)										
2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
55,489	57,382	53,043	57,104	60,054	64,143	51,211	50,524	65,679	68,667	55,890

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
53,043	51,211	55,890	5.4% ↑	9.1% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
165,914	175,408	190,236	14.7% ↑	8.5% ↑

Key Points

101 demand has fallen in comparison to other quarters this FY. Calls fell by 18.6% (12,777 fewer calls) when compared to quarter 2 of this year.

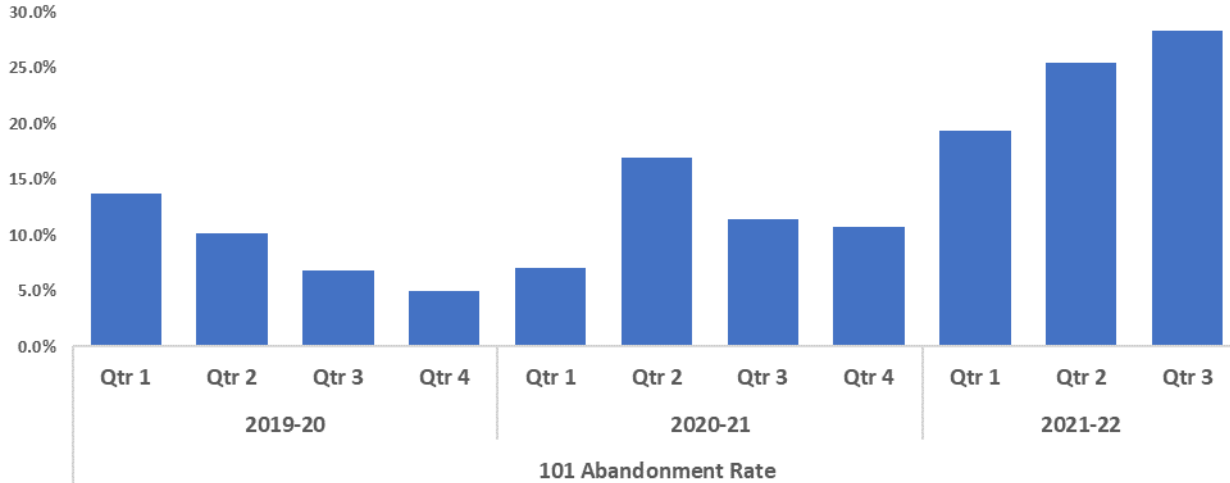
Demand has risen significantly when compared to quarter 3 in both 2019/20 (up 5.4%, an additional 2,847 calls) and 2020/21 (up 9.1%, an additional 4,679 calls)

Financial year demand has also see a sustained rise in call volume. Compared to 2019/20, volume has risen by 14.7% (an additional 24,322 calls). Compared to 2020/21, volume has risen by 8.5% (an additional 14,828 calls)

Understanding the increase in call volume is not straightforward and would require further analysis, especially around areas such as repeat caller volume and single caller abandonment.

101 Abandonment Rate

101 Abandonment rate (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

101 Abandonment Rate										
2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
13.7%	10.2%	6.8%	5.0%	7.1%	17.5%	9.6%	10.6%	19.4%	25.5%	28.4%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
6.8%	9.6%	28.4%	21.6pp ↑	18.8pp ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
10.3%	11.6%	24.2%	13.9pp ↑	12.2pp ↑

Key Points

The 101 abandonment rate has increased significantly in quarter 3 of 2021/2022 in comparison to the previous quarters within the timeframe. When compared to the previous quarter (up 2.9 percentage points) and quarter 3 in both 2019/20 (up 21.6 percentage points) and 2020/21 (up 18.8 percentage points).

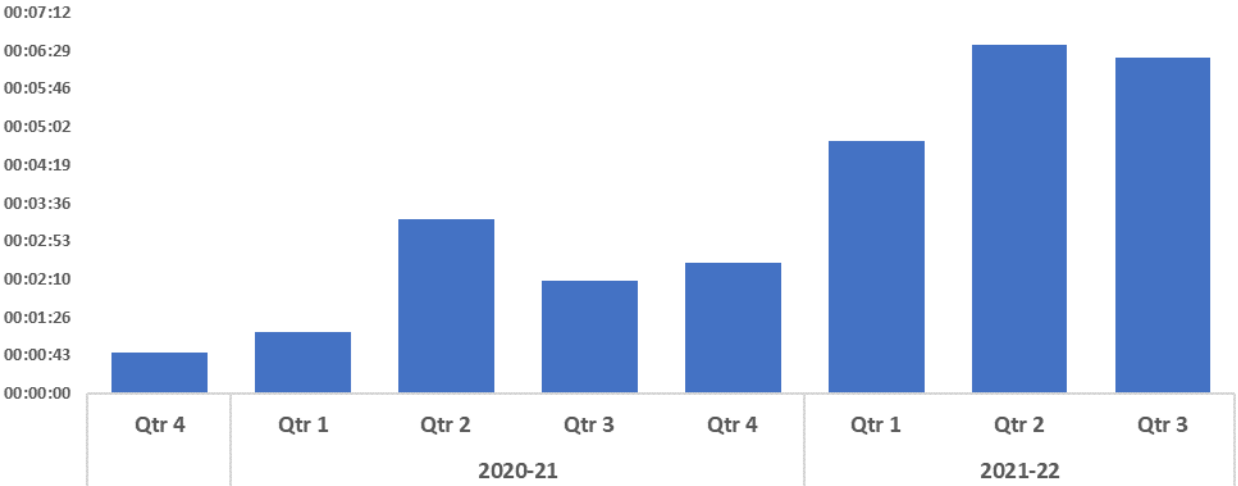
The causality of the increase in 101 abandonment rate is not entirely due to increased call volume. Covariance is positive, however not directly aligned and points to other factors having an influence on an increased abandonment rate.

Plans are being put in place that involve;

- Digital Contact—promoting digital means of reporting
- Comfort messaging
- Call Backs
- Improved analytics to understand and manage the demand
- Close working with partners to review and reduce the number of adverse incidents
- Station Enquiry Officers – support to switchboard, 101 and online reports

101 average answer speed

101 Average speed of answer (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Key Points

The average speed of answer of 101 calls has fallen by 15 seconds when compared to the previous quarter.

Compared to quarter 3 2020/21 the answer rate increased by 4 minutes and 12 seconds.

Comparisons with quarter 4 of 2019/20 and quarter 1 of 2020/21 are not applicable due to system changes and upgrades.

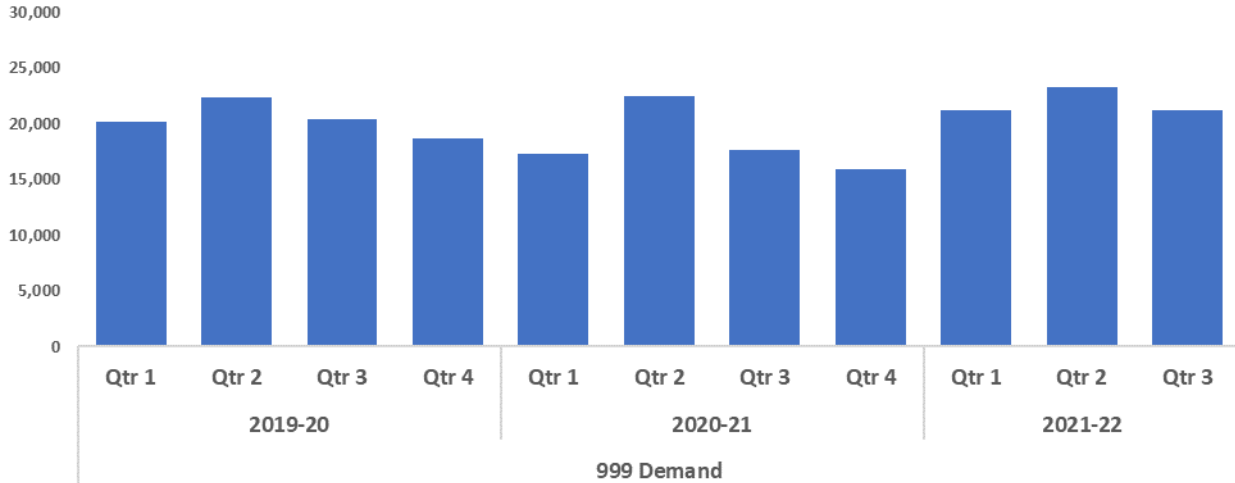
Quarterly Summary

101 Average Speed of Answer										
2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
~	~	~	00:00:46	00:01:09	00:03:17	00:02:08	00:02:28	00:04:46	00:06:35	00:06:20

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
~	00:02:08	00:06:20	~	00:04:12 ↑

999 Demand

999 Demand (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

999 Demand										
2019-20				2020-21				2021-22		
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
20,234	22,310	20,371	18,714	17,319	22,469	17,690	15,918	21,207	23,247	21,266

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
20,371	17,690	21,266	4.4% ↑	20.2% ↑

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
62,915	57,478	65,720	4.5% ↑	14.3% ↑

Key Points

999 demand has fallen when compared to the previous quarter (1,981 more calls, a fall of 8.5%).

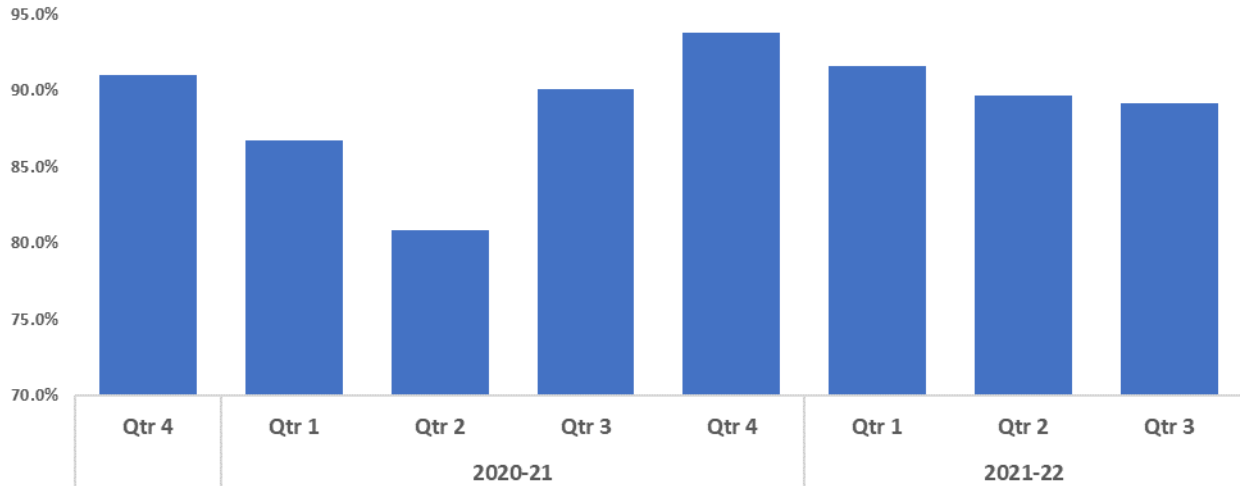
Demand has risen when compared to quarter 3 in both 2019/20 (up 4.4%, an additional 895 calls) and 2020/21 (up 20.2%, an additional 3,576 calls)

Financial year demand has also see a sustained rise in call volume. Compared to 2019/20, volume has risen by 4.5% (an additional 2,805 calls). Compared to 2020/21, volume has risen by 14.3% (an additional 8,242 calls)

More analysis on the increase in call volumes needs to be completed, focussing on callers who use 999 service after getting frustrated with the answer time on 101.

999 service level performance

999 Service level (Qtr 1 2019/20 - Q3 2021/22)



Quarterly Summary

999 Service Level (Calls Answered in 10 Seconds)

2019-20		2020-21				2021-22				
Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3	Qtr 4	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3
~	~	~	91.0%	86.7%	80.8%	90.1%	93.8%	91.6%	89.7%	89.2%

Qtr 3 (19-20)	Qtr 3 (20-21)	Qtr 3 (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)
~	90.1%	89.2%	~	0.9pp ↓

FYTD (19-20)	FYTD (20-21)	FYTD (21-22)	% change (19-20)	% change (20-21)

999 Average answer speed (2019/20 to Qtr 2 2021/22)



Key Points

The % of 999 calls answered within 10 seconds has deteriorated when comparing quarter 3 of 2021/22 to quarter 2 of 2021/22 (by 0.5 percentage points to 89.2%)

Performance compared to quarter 3 of 2020/21 has decreased by 0.9 percentage points and remains close to the 90% national benchmark.

Average speed of answer has fluctuated somewhat over previous quarters and is still below the national benchmark of 10 seconds.